

Fill in this information to identify the case:

United States Bankruptcy Court for the:
 District of Delaware

Case number (if known): _____ Chapter 15

Check if this is an amended filing

Official Form 401

Chapter 15 Petition for Recognition of a Foreign Proceeding

12/15

If more space is needed, attach a separate sheet to this form. On the top of any additional pages, write debtor's name and case number (if known).

1. Debtor's name Architel Systems Corporation

2. Debtor's unique identifier **For non-individual debtors:**

Federal Employer Identification Number (EIN) _____

Other 378128-3 Describe identifier Corporation Number

For individual debtors:

Social Security number: xxx - xx- _____

Individual Taxpayer Identification number (ITIN): 9 xx - xx - _____

Other _____ Describe identifier _____

3. Name of foreign representative(s) Ernst & Young Inc.

4. Foreign proceeding in which appointment of the foreign representative(s) occurred In the Matter of the Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act, R.S.C. 1985, C. C-36, as Amended, Court File No. 09-CL-7950

5. Nature of the foreign proceeding **Check one:**

Foreign main proceeding

Foreign nonmain proceeding

Foreign main proceeding, or in the alternative foreign nonmain proceeding

6. Evidence of the foreign proceeding

A certified copy, translated into English, of the decision commencing the foreign proceeding and appointing the foreign representative is attached.

A certificate, translated into English, from the foreign court, affirming the existence of the foreign proceeding and of the appointment of the foreign representative, is attached.

Other evidence of the existence of the foreign proceeding and of the appointment of the foreign representative is described below, and relevant documentation, translated into English, is attached.

7. Is this the only foreign proceeding with respect to the debtor known to the foreign representative(s)?

No. (Attach a statement identifying each country in which a foreign proceeding by, regarding, or against the debtor is pending.)

Yes

Debtor Architel Systems Corporation Case number (if known) _____
Name

8. Others entitled to notice Attach a list containing the names and addresses of:
 (i) all persons or bodies authorized to administer foreign proceedings of the debtor,
 (ii) all parties to litigation pending in the United States in which the debtor is a party at the time of filing of this petition, and
 (iii) all entities against whom provisional relief is being sought under § 1519 of the Bankruptcy Code.

9. Addresses

Country where the debtor has the center of its main interests: <u>Canada</u>	Debtor's registered office: <u>5945 Airport Road, Suite 152</u> Number Street P.O. Box _____ <u>Mississauga, ON L4V 1R9</u> City State/Province/Region ZIP/Postal Code <u>Canada</u> Country
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Individual debtor's habitual residence: _____ Number Street P.O. Box _____ _____ City State/Province/Region ZIP/Postal Code _____ Country	Address of foreign representative(s): <u>Ernst & Young Tower, 222 Bay Street</u> Number Street <u>P.O. Box 251</u> P.O. Box <u>Toronto, ON M5K 1J7</u> City State/Province/Region ZIP/Postal Code <u>Canada</u> Country
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10. Debtor's website (URL) www.ey.com/nortel

11. Type of debtor

Check one:

Non-individual (check one):

- Corporation. Attach a corporate ownership statement containing the information described in Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7007.1.
- Partnership
- Other. Specify: _____

Individual

Debtor Architel Systems Corporation
Name

Case number (if known) _____

12. Why is venue proper in this district?

Check one:

- Debtor's principal place of business or principal assets in the United States are in this district.
- Debtor does not have a place of business or assets in the United States, but the following action or proceeding in a federal or state court is pending against the debtor in this district:

If neither box is checked, venue is consistent with the interests of justice and the convenience of the parties, having regard to the relief sought by the foreign representative, because:
Parent companies are in Chapter 15 proceedings in this District.

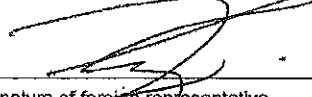
13. Signature of foreign representative(s)

I request relief in accordance with chapter 15 of title 11, United States Code.

I am the foreign representative of a debtor in a foreign proceeding, the debtor is eligible for the relief sought in this petition, and I am authorized to file this petition.

I have examined the information in this petition and have a reasonable belief that the information is true and correct.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

X  ERNST & YOUNG Inc.
 Signature of foreign representative FOR: TOM AYRES
 Printed name SR. VICE PRESIDENT

Executed on 12/20/2016
MM / DD / YYYY

X _____
 Signature of foreign representative Printed name

Executed on _____
MM / DD / YYYY

14. Signature of attorney

X Mary Caloway Date 12 21 2016
 Signature of Attorney for foreign representative MM / DD / YYYY

Mary Caloway
Printed name

Buchanan Ingersoll & Rooney
Firm name

919 North Market Street, Suite 1500
Number Street

Wilmington DE 19801
City State ZIP Code

(302) 552-4200 mary.caloway@bipc.com
Contact phone Email address

3059 DE
Bar number State

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

<i>In re:</i> ARCHITEL SYSTEMS CORPORATION, Foreign Applicant in a Foreign Proceeding.	Chapter 15 Case No. 16-____ (____) (Joint Administration Requested)
<i>In re:</i> NORTEL COMMUNICATIONS INC., Foreign Applicant in a Foreign Proceeding.	Chapter 15 Case No. 16-____ (____) (Joint Administration Requested)
<i>In re:</i> NORTHERN TELECOM CANADA LIMITED, Foreign Applicant in a Foreign Proceeding.	Chapter 15 Case No. 16-____ (____) (Joint Administration Requested)

**VERIFIED PETITIONS FOR RECOGNITION OF FOREIGN
PROCEEDING AND RELATED RELIEF**

Ernst & Young Inc. is the court-appointed monitor (the “**Monitor**”) and authorized foreign representative of Architel Systems Corporation (“**Architel**”), Nortel Communications Inc. (“**Nortel Communications**”), and Northern Telecom Canada Limited (“**Northern Telecom**,” and collectively, the “**New Canadian Debtors**”) in proceedings (the “**Canadian Proceedings**”) under Canada’s *Companies’ Creditors Arrangement Act*, R.S.C. 1985, c. C-36 (the “**CCAA**”), pending before the Ontario Superior Court of Justice, Commercial List (the “**Ontario Court**”).

The Monitor has commenced these chapter 15 cases ancillary to the Canadian Proceedings and respectfully files these *Verified Petitions for Recognition of Foreign Proceeding and Related Relief* (the “**Chapter 15 Petitions**”), with accompanying documentation, pursuant to

sections 1504 and 1515 of title 11 of the United States Code (as amended, the “**Bankruptcy Code**”) seeking the entry of an order substantially in the form annexed hereto as Exhibit A (the “**Proposed Order**”) (i) recognizing the Canadian Proceedings as “foreign main proceedings” with respect to the New Canadian Debtors under section 1517 of the Bankruptcy Code and (ii) giving full force and effect in the United States to the Order of the Ontario Court dated March 18, 2016, including any extensions or amendments thereof authorized by the Ontario Court (the “**New Applicants Order**”).¹

In support of the Chapter 15 Petitions, the Monitor respectfully states as follows:

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

This Court has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 157 and 1334 and section 1501 of the Bankruptcy Code. This is a core proceeding pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2)(P). Venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1410(1) and (3). The statutory predicates for the relief requested herein are sections 105(a), 1504, 1507, 1515, 1517, 1520 and 1521 of the Bankruptcy Code.

BACKGROUND

1. The Canadian Proceedings were originally commenced on January 14, 2009 (the “**Filing Date**”), by Nortel Networks Corporation (“**NNC**”), Nortel Networks Limited (“**NNL**”), and certain of their affiliates (collectively, the “**Existing Canadian Debtors**,” and together with the New Canadian Debtors, the “**Canadian Debtors**”). On that same date, the Ontario Court entered an order appointing the Monitor and providing the Existing Canadian Debtors with, among other things, stay relief to protect their business and property (as amended and restated, the “**Initial Order**”). The Existing Canadian Debtors also commenced cases in this

¹ A copy of the New Applicants Order is annexed as Exhibit I to the Proposed Order.

District in respect of the Canadian Proceedings under chapter 15 of the Bankruptcy Code, which cases are jointly administered under the caption *In re Nortel Networks Corporation, et al.*, Case No. 09-10164 (KG) (the “Existing Chapter 15 Cases”).

2. In addition, on or after that date, Nortel Networks Inc., Nortel Networks Capital Corporation, and certain of their affiliates (collectively, the “US Debtors”) filed voluntary petitions for relief under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, and various Nortel entities in Europe, the Middle East, and Africa (the “EMEA Debtors”) became the subject of English-law administration proceedings in the High Court of Justice of England and Wales under the *Insolvency Act 1986*.

3. By order of this Court in the Existing Chapter 15 Cases dated February 27, 2009, the Canadian Proceedings were recognized as “foreign main proceedings” with respect to the Existing Canadian Debtors, the Monitor was found to be the “foreign representative” of the Existing Canadian Debtors, and the Initial Order was given full force and effect in the United States.

4. As of the Filing Date, NNC and NNL had nine wholly-owned Canadian subsidiaries that did not file for protection under the CCAA because they were dormant entities without active business operations. During the course of the Canadian Proceedings, six of these subsidiaries have been dissolved in accordance with applicable corporate law. The three remaining subsidiaries are the New Canadian Debtors:

- Architel is a wholly-owned subsidiary of NNC incorporated under the laws of Canada. Architel’s only assets include (i) certain receivables due from its affiliates, including a net receivable due from NNL in the amount of USD 14.27 million, and (ii) an equity interest in Architel Systems

(U.S.) Corporation, a US Debtor, to which Architel owes a payable of approximately CAD 2.33 million. In addition, Architel may have a tax liability of approximately CAD 15,000. The Ontario Ministry of Revenue has a Personal Property Security Act (Ontario) registration against Architel in the amount of CAD 15,672.

- Nortel Communications is a wholly-owned subsidiary of NNL incorporated under the laws of Ontario. Nortel Communications' only assets are receivables due from: (i) NNL in the amount of \$80.7 million; and (ii) Nortel Networks International Finance & Holding B.V., an EMEA Debtor, in the amount of \$7.4 million.
- Northern Telecom is a wholly-owned subsidiary of NNL incorporated under the laws of Canada. Northern Telecom's assets include a receivable due from NNL in the amount of CAD 40,000.

5. To the knowledge of the Monitor, none of the New Canadian Debtors have active business operations, bank accounts, or unaffiliated third-party creditors, with the exception of the tax liability Architel may owe to the Ontario Ministry of Revenue. The Monitor is authorized and empowered to direct the administration of the New Canadian Debtors and does so from its offices in Canada.

6. The New Canadian Debtors likely cannot be wound up at this time, as the assets of the New Canadian Debtors consist in large part of intercompany receivables owed by other Nortel entities in insolvency or similar proceedings across multiple jurisdictions. In order to provide for the efficient final resolution of the New Canadian Debtors' affairs and to help the maximize the value of their assets for the benefit of their respective stakeholders, the New

Canadian Debtors filed an application to commence proceedings under the CCAA on March 9, 2016.

7. On March 18, 2016, the Ontario Court entered the New Applicants Order, procedurally consolidating the CCAA proceedings for the New Canadian Debtors into the Canadian Proceedings and deeming each of the New Canadian Debtors to be an “Applicant” in the Canadian Proceedings, thereby placing all of the Canadian Debtors into the same process in Canada. Further, the New Applicants Order entitles the New Canadian Debtors to the rights, benefits, and protections of, and subjects the New Canadian Debtors to, certain orders entered for the benefit of the Existing Canadian Debtors during the course of the Canadian Proceedings. These orders, which have also been given full force and effect in the United States by order of this Court in the Existing Chapter 15 Cases, are: (i) the Initial Order;² (ii) the Order of the Ontario Court dated August 14, 2009 expanding the power and authority of the Monitor;³ and (iii) the Order (Monitor’s Expansion of Power Order # 2) of the Ontario Court dated October 3, 2012, further expanding the power and authority of the Monitor (collectively, the “**Adopted CCAA Orders**”).⁴

RELIEF SOUGHT

8. By these Chapter 15 Petitions, the Monitor seeks the following relief:

(A) recognition, pursuant to section 1517 of the Bankruptcy Code, of the Canadian Proceedings as “foreign main proceedings,” with respect to the New Canadian Debtors;

² See *Order Granting Recognition and Related Relief*, Existing Chapter 15 Cases Dkt. No. 40 (Bankr. D. Del. February 27, 2009).

³ See *Order Enforcing Monitor's Role and Authority Order of the Ontario Court*, Existing Chapter 15 Cases Dkt. 154 (Bankr. D. Del. August 31, 2009).

⁴ See *Order Enforcing Monitor's Expanded Powers Order of the Ontario Court*, Existing Chapter 15 Cases Dkt. No. 520 (Bankr. D. Del. November 6, 2012).

(B) all relief afforded foreign main proceedings automatically upon recognition pursuant to section 1520 of the Bankruptcy Code, including, without limitation, application of the stay imposed by section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code;

(C) enforcement of the New Applicants Order in the United States pursuant to sections 105(a), 1507, and 1521 of the Bankruptcy Code; and

(D) such other and further relief as is appropriate under the circumstances pursuant to sections 105(a), 1507, and 1521, of the Bankruptcy Code.

BASIS FOR RELIEF

Recognition of the Canadian Proceedings With Respect to the New Canadian Debtors

9. Chapter 15 of the Bankruptcy Code applies where a foreign representative seeks the assistance of a United States bankruptcy court in connection with a foreign proceeding. *See* 11 U.S.C. § 1501(b)(1). The Canadian Proceedings are entitled to recognition under section 1517 of the Bankruptcy Code with respect to the New Canadian Debtors because, among other things:

(A) the Canadian Proceedings are “foreign proceedings” within the meaning of section 101(23) of the Bankruptcy Code;

(B) the Canadian Proceedings are “foreign main proceedings” with respect to the New Canadian Debtors within the meaning of section 1502(4) of the Bankruptcy Code because the Canadian Proceedings are pending in the center of main interests for each of the New Canadian Debtors;

(C) the Monitor is a “person” within the meaning of section 101(41) of the Bankruptcy Code and a “foreign representative” within the meaning of section 101(24) of the Bankruptcy Code; and

(D) the Chapter 15 Petitions were filed in accordance with sections 1504 and 1509 of the Bankruptcy Code and meet the requirements of sections 1504 and 1515 of the Bankruptcy Code.

10. Moreover, recognizing the Canadian Proceedings would not be manifestly contrary to the public policy of the United States, as prohibited by section 1506 of the Bankruptcy Code. In fact, granting recognition will promote the United States public policy of respecting foreign proceedings as articulated in, *inter alia*, sections 1501(a) and 1508 of the Bankruptcy Code and further cooperation between courts to the maximum extent possible as mandated by section 1525(a) of the Bankruptcy Code. Thus, the circumstances satisfy the conditions for mandatory recognition of the Canadian Proceedings under section 1517 of the Bankruptcy Code.

A. The Canadian Proceedings are “Foreign Proceedings”

11. The Canadian Proceedings are “foreign proceedings” within the meaning of section 101(23) of the Bankruptcy Code. That section provides, in pertinent part, as follows:

The term “foreign proceeding” means a collective judicial or administrative proceeding in a foreign country, including an interim proceeding, under a law relating to insolvency or adjustment of debt in which proceeding the assets and affairs of the debtor are subject to control or supervision by a foreign court, for the purpose of reorganization or liquidation.

11 U.S.C. § 101(23). The CCAA, like the Bankruptcy Code, provides a statutory means for applicants thereunder to reorganize or wind down their affairs under the supervision of a court.

Here, as with the Existing Canadian Debtors, the New Canadian Debtors have commenced proceedings under the CCAA in order to facilitate the final resolution of their operations and maximize the value of their assets for the benefit of stakeholders under the supervision of the Ontario Court. Indeed, the Canadian Proceedings have already been recognized as “foreign proceedings” as to the Existing Canadian Debtors⁵ and serve the same underlying purpose with respect to the New Canadian Debtors. Accordingly, these chapter 15 cases concern “foreign proceedings” as to the New Canadian Debtors within the meaning of section 101(23) of the Bankruptcy Code.

B. The Canadian Proceedings are “Foreign Main Proceedings”

12. The Canadian Proceeding should be recognized as a “foreign main proceeding,” as defined in section 1502(4) of the Bankruptcy Code. The Bankruptcy Code provides that a “foreign proceeding” that is the subject of a chapter 15 petition must be recognized as a “foreign main proceeding” if it is pending in the country where the debtor has its “center of . . . main interests.” 11 U.S.C. § 1517(b)(1). While the Bankruptcy Code does not define this concept, courts equate a debtor’s “center of main interests” with its principal place of business, examining factors such as the location of the debtor’s headquarters, management, assets, creditors, and the jurisdiction of controlling law. *See In re Millennium Global Emerging Credit Master Fund Ltd.*, 458 B.R. 63, 70 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 2011) (“In determining the COMI of a foreign debtor, cases have examined a number of factors, including: the location of the debtor’s headquarters; the location of those who actually manage the debtor (which, conceivably could be the headquarters of a holding company); the location of the debtor’s primary assets; the location of the majority of the debtor’s creditors or of a majority of the creditors who would be affected by the case; and/or the jurisdiction whose law would apply to most disputes.”) (*quoting In re*

⁵ See *supra* note 2

SPhinX, 351 B.R. 103, 117 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 2006), *aff'd*, 371 B.R. 10 (S.D.N.Y. 2007); *In re Bear Stearns*, 374 B.R. at 128 (same). Further, section 1516(c) of the Bankruptcy Code provides that in the absence of evidence to the contrary, the debtor's center of main interests is presumed to be located at its registered office. 11 U.S.C. § 1516(c).

13. Canada is the jurisdiction with which each of the New Canadian Debtors has the most significant nexus, as: (i) each of the New Canadian Debtors is incorporated in Canada; (ii) Architel is a wholly-owned subsidiary of NNC, while Nortel Communications and Northern Telecom are wholly-owned subsidiaries of NNL; and (iii) among the most significant assets of each is a large receivable due from NNL. Further, in accordance with the New Applicants Order, the Monitor is authorized and empowered to direct the administration of the New Canadian Debtors and does so from its offices in Canada. Accordingly, the Canadian Proceedings are pending where each of the New Canadian Debtors has its center of main interests and constitute “foreign main proceedings” with respect to the New Canadian Debtors as defined in section 1502(4) of the Bankruptcy Code.

C. These Cases were Commenced by a “Foreign Representative”

14. These cases were commenced by the Monitor, the duly-authorized, court-appointed “foreign representative” of the New Canadian Debtors within the meaning of section 101(24) of the Bankruptcy Code. That section defines a “foreign representative,” in pertinent part, as a “person or body . . . authorized in a foreign proceeding to administer the reorganization or the liquidation of the debtor’s assets or affairs or to act as a representative of such foreign proceeding.” 11 U.S.C. § 101(24). Under the Adopted CCAA Orders, as made applicable to the New Canadian Debtors through the New Applicants Order, the Monitor has the same authorization and power with respect to New Canadian Debtors as it has with respect to the Existing Canadian Debtors, including the express authority and power under the Initial Order to

apply for recognition of the Canadian Proceedings as “foreign main proceedings” under chapter 15 of the Bankruptcy Code. Section 6 of the New Applicants Order further authorizes the Monitor to apply for recognition of the Canadian Proceedings in respect of the New Canadian Debtors in the United States. Accordingly, the Monitor qualifies as a “foreign representative” for the New Canadian Debtors under section 1516(a) of the Bankruptcy Code.

D. These Cases were Properly Commenced under Chapter 15

15. The Monitor duly and properly commenced the cases, as required by sections 1504 and 1509 of the Bankruptcy Code, by filing the Chapter 15 Petitions under section 1515(a) accompanied by all documents and information required by section 1515(b) and (c). *See In re Bear Stearns High-Grade Structured Credit Strategies Master Fund, Ltd.*, 374 B.R. 122, 127 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 2007), *aff'd*, 389 B.R. 325 (S.D.N.Y. 2008) (“A case under chapter 15 is commenced by a foreign representative filing a petition for recognition of a foreign proceeding under section 1515 of the Bankruptcy Code.”). Because the Monitor has satisfied the requirements set forth in section 1515 of the Bankruptcy Code, it has properly commenced these cases.

E. The Monitor is Entitled to an Order Granting Recognition of the Canadian Proceeding as a Foreign Main Proceeding

16. As evidenced above, the Canadian Proceedings are “foreign main proceedings” with respect to the New Canadian Debtors within the meaning of section 1502(4) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Monitor applying for recognition is a “foreign representative” within the meaning of section 101(24) of the Bankruptcy Code, and the Chapter 15 Petitions meet the requirements of section 1515 of the Bankruptcy Code. Section 1517(a) of the Bankruptcy Code provides, in pertinent part, that “[s]ubject to section 1506, after notice and a hearing, an order recognizing a foreign proceeding shall be entered if—(1) such foreign

proceeding for which recognition is sought is a foreign main proceeding or foreign non-main proceeding within the meaning of section 1502; (2) the foreign representative applying for recognition is a person or body; and (3) the petition meets the requirements of section 1515. 11 U.S.C. §1517(a). Accordingly, the Monitor respectfully submits that the Court should enter an order recognizing the Canadian Proceeding as a “foreign main proceeding” pursuant to section 1517 of the Bankruptcy Code.

Enforcement of the New Applicants Order

17. In connection with the recognition of the Canadian Proceeding as a “foreign main proceeding,” the Monitor also seeks an order enforcing the New Applicants Order in the United States.

18. Section 1507 of the Bankruptcy Code provides that, “if recognition is granted,” a court “may provide additional assistance to a foreign representative under this title or under other laws of the United States.” 11 U.S.C. § 1507. Similarly, section 1521(a) of the Bankruptcy Code provides that, upon recognition of a foreign proceeding, and “where necessary to effectuate the purpose of this chapter and to protect the assets of the debtor or the interests of any creditors, the court may grant any appropriate relief” 11 U.S.C. § 1521. Such relief includes, among other things, “granting any additional relief that may be available to a trustee,” with certain exceptions that are not relevant here. *Id.* Finally, section 105(a) of the Bankruptcy Code allows the Court to “issue any order . . . necessary or appropriate to carry out the provisions of [title 11].”

19. Among other things, the New Applicants Order procedurally consolidates the CCAA proceedings for the New Canadian Debtors into the Canadian Proceedings and deems each of the New Canadian Debtors to be an “Applicant” in the Canadian Proceedings. Further,

the New Applicants Order entitles the New Canadian Debtors to the rights, benefits, and protections of, and subjects the New Canadian Debtors to, the Adopted CCAA Orders, with the result that: (i) the New Canadian Debtors have the benefit of the stay of proceedings and other protections granted under the Initial Order and (ii) the Monitor has the same powers, obligations, and protections with respect to the New Canadian Debtors as it does with respect to the Existing Canadian Debtors, including the authority to exercise any power which may be properly exercised by a board of directors of any of the New Canadian Debtors. Such relief is consistent with relief available in plenary cases in the United States, and further, each of the Adopted CCAA Orders has already been given full force and effect in the United States with respect to the Existing Canadian Debtors.⁶ The New Applicants Order merely extends the application of the Adopted CCAA Orders to the New Canadian Debtors.

20. The Monitor believes that enforcement of the New Applicants Order is necessary to give effect to such order in the United States and create consistency in both Canada and the United States with respect to the administration of all Canadian Debtors. Accordingly, this Court should give full force and effect in the United States to the New Applicants Order under well-established principles of international comity and pursuant to sections 105(a), 1507, and 1521 of the Bankruptcy Code.

CONCLUSION

WHEREFORE, the Monitor respectfully requests that this Court grant these Chapter 15 Petitions and enter the Proposed Order recognizing the Canadian Proceedings as “foreign main proceedings” with respect to the New Canadian Debtors, enforcing the New

⁶ See *supra* notes 2, 3, and 4.

Applicants Order in the United States, and granting such other relief as is appropriate under the circumstances.

Dated: Wilmington, Delaware
December 21, 2016

BUCHANAN INGERSOLL & ROONEY

By: /s/ Mary F. Caloway
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*Attorneys for Ernst & Young Inc., as
Monitor and Foreign Representative of the
New Canadian Debtors*

VERIFICATION

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, Tom Ayres declares as follows:

I am a Senior Vice President and duly authorized agent of Ernst & Young Inc., which was appointed as monitor and authorized to act as foreign representative of Architel Systems Corporation, Nortel Communications Inc., and Northern Telecom Canada Limited. I have full authority to verify the foregoing *Verified Petitions for Recognition of Foreign Proceeding and Related Relief*. I have read such *Verified Petitions for Recognition of Foreign Proceeding and Related Relief*, and am informed and do believe that the factual allegations contained in paragraphs 1 to 7 therein are true and accurate to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed this 20th day of December 2016, in London, Ontario, Canada

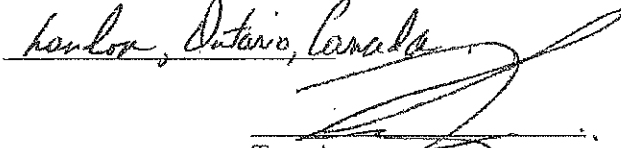

Tom Ayres
Senior Vice President
Ernst & Young Inc.

EXHIBIT A

Proposed Order

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

<i>In re:</i> ARCHITEL SYSTEMS CORPORATION, Foreign Applicant in a Foreign Proceeding.	Chapter 15 Case No. 16-____ () (Joint Administration Requested)
<i>In re:</i> NORTEL COMMUNICATIONS INC., Foreign Applicant in a Foreign Proceeding.	Chapter 15 Case No. 16-____ () (Joint Administration Requested)
<i>In re:</i> NORTHERN TELECOM CANADA LIMITED, Foreign Applicant in a Foreign Proceeding.	Chapter 15 Case No. 16-____ () (Joint Administration Requested)

ORDER GRANTING RECOGNITION AND RELATED RELIEF

Ernst & Young Inc. is the court-appointed monitor (the “**Monitor**”) and authorized foreign representative of Architel Systems Corporation, Nortel Communications Inc., and Northern Telecom Canada Limited (collectively, the “**New Canadian Debtors**”) in proceedings (the “**Canadian Proceedings**”) under Canada’s *Companies’ Creditors Arrangement Act*, R.S.C. 1985, c. C-36, pending before the Ontario Superior Court of Justice, Commercial List (the “**Ontario Court**”).

The Monitor filed *Verified Petitions for Recognition of Foreign Proceeding and Related Relief* on December 21, 2016 (the “**Chapter 15 Petitions**”), commencing the above-captioned cases under chapter 15 of title 11 of the United States Code (as amended, the “**Bankruptcy Code**”) and seeking the entry of an order (i) recognizing the Canadian Proceedings as “foreign main proceedings” under section 1517 of the Bankruptcy Code and (ii) giving full force and effect in the United States to

the New Applicants Order of the Ontario Court, dated December 3, 2016 and annexed hereto as Exhibit 1, including any extensions or amendments thereof authorized by the Ontario Court (the “**New Applicants Order**”).

The Court has considered and reviewed the Chapter 15 Petitions and the other pleadings and exhibits submitted by the Monitor in support thereof. No objections were filed to the Chapter 15 Petitions.

After due deliberation and sufficient cause appearing therefore, the Court finds and concludes as follows:

(A) this Court has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 157 and 1334 and 11 U.S.C. § 1501;

(B) this is a core proceeding pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2)(P);

(C) venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1410(1) and (3);

(D) the Canadian Proceedings are foreign proceedings within the meaning of 11 U.S.C. § 101(23);

(E) the Canadian Proceedings are pending in Ontario, Canada, where each of the New Canadian Debtors has its center of main interests, and as such are “foreign main proceedings” within the meaning of 11 U.S.C. § 1502(4);

(F) the Monitor is a “person” within the meaning of 11 U.S.C. § 101(41) and is the duly appointed “foreign representative” of the New Canadian Debtors within the meaning of 11 U.S.C. § 101(24);

(G) the Canadian Proceedings are entitled to recognition as “foreign main proceedings” by this Court pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1517;

(H) the cases were properly commenced pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 1504 and 1509, and the Chapter 15 Petitions meet the requirements of 11 U.S.C. §§ 1504 and 1515;

(I) the Monitor is entitled to all relief afforded foreign main proceedings automatically upon recognition pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1520 and to additional relief pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 1507 and 1521; and

(J) the relief granted herein is necessary and appropriate, in the interest of the public and international comity, and consistent with the public policy of the United States.

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

ORDERED, that the Canadian Proceedings are hereby recognized as foreign main proceedings pursuant to section 1517(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, and that all automatic relief under section 1520 of the Bankruptcy Code shall apply in these cases; and it is further

ORDERED, that the New Applicants Order (including each of the Initial Order, the First Expansion of Powers Order, and the Second Expansion of Powers Order, as defined and incorporated therein, as relates to the New Canadian Debtors), and any amendments or extensions thereof as may be granted from time to time by the Ontario Court, are hereby given full force and effect in the United States pursuant to sections 1507 and 1521 of the Bankruptcy Code; and it is further

ORDERED, that notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, this Order shall not be construed as (a) enjoining a police or regulatory act of a governmental unit, including a criminal action or proceeding, or (b) staying the exercise of any rights in connection with such act that are not subject to the stay arising under section 362(a) of the Bankruptcy Code; and it is further

ORDERED, that notwithstanding Bankruptcy Rule 7062, made applicable to these cases by Bankruptcy Rule 1018, the terms and conditions of this Order shall be immediately effective and enforceable upon its entry, and upon its entry, this Order shall become final and appealable; and it is further

ORDERED, that this Court shall retain jurisdiction with respect to the enforcement, amendment or modification of this Order, any request for additional relief or any adversary proceeding brought in and through these cases, and any request by an entity for relief from the provisions of this Order, for cause shown, that is properly commenced and within the jurisdiction of this Court.

Dated: Wilmington, Delaware
January __, 2017

United States Bankruptcy Judge

EXHIBIT 1

New Applicants Order

Court File No. CV-16-11312-00CL

**ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
COMMERCIAL LIST**

THE HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE) FRIDAY, THE 18TH DAY OF
)
NEWBOULD) MARCH, 2016
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**IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES' CREDITORS ARRANGEMENT ACT,
R.S.C. 1985, c. C-36, AS AMENDED**

**AND IN THE MATTER OF A PLAN OF COMPROMISE OR
ARRANGEMENT OF NORTEL COMMUNICATIONS INC.,
ARCHITEL SYSTEMS CORPORATION AND NORTHERN
TELECOM CANADA LIMITED (the "New Applicants")**

**APPLICATION UNDER THE COMPANIES' CREDITORS ARRANGEMENT ACT,
R.S.C. 1985, c. C-36, AS AMENDED**

**ORDER
(New Applicants)**

THIS APPLICATION, made by the New Applicants, pursuant to the *Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act*, R.S.C. 1985, c. C-36, as amended (the "CCAA") was heard this date at 330 University Avenue, Toronto, Ontario.

ON READING the One Hundred and Twenty Seventh Report of the Ernst & Young Inc. ("EYF") in its capacity as court-appointed monitor (the "Monitor") of the Canadian Debtors (as defined below) dated March 9, 2016 (the "Report") filed in the CCAA proceedings of Nortel Networks Corporation, Nortel Networks Limited, Nortel Networks Global Corporation, Nortel Networks Technology Corporation and Nortel Networks International Corporation (collectively, the "Canadian Debtors") (Court File No. 09-CL-7950) (the "CCAA Proceedings"), and on hearing submissions of counsel for the Monitor, and counsel for those other parties present, no one appearing for any other person on the service list although duly served as appears from the affidavit of Christopher G. Armstrong

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sworn March 9, 2016, filed, and on reading the consent of EYI to act as the Monitor of the New Applicants.

SERVICE

1. **THIS COURT ORDERS** that the time for the service of the Notice of Application and the Application Record is hereby abridged and validated so that this Application is properly returnable today and hereby dispenses with further service thereof.

NEW APPLICANTS

2. **THIS COURT ORDERS AND DECLARES** that the New Applicants are companies to which the CCAA applies.
3. **THIS COURT ORDERS** that, from and after the making of this Order, each of the New Applicants shall be deemed to be an "Applicant" (as defined in the Initial Order of this Court granted in the CCAA Proceedings dated January 14, 2009, as amended and restated (the "Initial Order")) in the CCAA Proceedings, entitled to all of the rights, benefits and protections granted by, and otherwise subject to: (i) the Initial Order; (ii) the Order of this Court dated August 14, 2009 granted in the CCAA Proceedings (the "First Expansion of Powers Order"); and (iii) the Order (Monitor's Expansion of Power Order # 2) of this Court dated October 3, 2012 granted in the CCAA Proceedings (the "Second Expansion of Powers Order" and with the Initial Order and the First Expansion of Powers Order, the "Orders")¹ as if it were an Applicant thereunder. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing:
 - (a) the New Applicants shall have the benefit of the stay of proceedings and other protections granted in paragraphs 14, 15 and 16 of the Initial Order;
 - (b) EYI is hereby appointed pursuant to the CCAA as the monitor of the New Applicants on the same terms and with the same powers, obligations and

¹ Copies of each of the Orders are attached at Schedule "A" hereto.

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protections as provided by the CCAA and granted in the Orders with respect to its role as Monitor of the Canadian Debtors in the CCAA Proceedings, including, without limitation, the stay of proceedings granted in paragraphs 14 and 15 of the Initial Order and the protections granted in: (i) paragraphs 26, 27, 28 and 29 of the Initial Order; (ii) paragraphs 6, 7, 8 and 9 of the First Expansion of Powers Order; and (iii) paragraphs 6, 7, 8 and 9 of the Second Expansion of Powers Order; and

- (c) the Monitor is authorized and empowered, but not obligated, to exercise any powers which may be properly exercised by a board of directors of any of the New Applicants and to designate any person or persons as the Monitor shall determine from time to time as evidenced by the filing of a Monitor's Certificate with this Court as an "Authorized Representative" (as such term is defined in the Second Expansion of Powers Order) of the New Applicants and in such role the Monitor and any Authorized Representative of the New Applicants shall have all of the protections and benefits provided by the CCAA and granted in the Orders, including, without limitation, pursuant to paragraphs 6, 7, 8 and 9 of the Second Expansion of Powers Order.

- 4. **THIS COURT ORDERS** that the within application shall be procedurally consolidated with the CCAA Proceedings and that from and after the date hereof all motions, actions, steps or other matters in respect of the within application shall be taken in the CCAA Proceedings.
- 5. **THIS COURT ORDERS** that the requirement for the Monitor to publish a notice in respect of this Order pursuant to Section 23(a)(i) of the CCAA is hereby dispensed with such that the Monitor shall have no obligation to publish any such notice.

MISCELLANEOUS

- 6. **THIS COURT ORDERS** that the Monitor is hereby authorized, but not required, to apply for recognition of these proceedings in respect of the New Applicants as

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“Foreign Main Proceedings” in the United States pursuant to chapter 15 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code.

7. **THIS COURT HEREBY REQUESTS** the aid and recognition of any court, tribunal, regulatory or administrative body having jurisdiction in Canada, the United States, the United Kingdom or elsewhere, to give effect to this Order and to assist the New Applicants, the Monitor and their respective agents in carrying out the terms of this Order. All courts, tribunals, regulatory and administrative bodies are hereby respectfully requested to make such orders and to provide such assistance to the New Applicants and to the Monitor, as an officer of this Court, as may be necessary or desirable to give effect to this Order, to grant representative status to the Monitor in any foreign proceeding, or to assist the New Applicants and the Monitor and their respective agents in carrying out the terms of this Order.

8. **THIS COURT ORDERS** that this Order and all of its provisions are effective as of 12:01 a.m. Toronto time on the date of this Order.



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ON / BOOK NO:
LE / DANS LE REGISTRE NO.:

MAR 18 2016



SCHEDULE "A"

[ATTACHED]

Court File No. 09-CL-7950



**ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE**

**THE HONOURABLE
MR. JUSTICE MORAWETZ**

) WEDNESDAY, THE 14TH
)
) DAY OF JANUARY, 2009

**IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES' CREDITORS ARRANGEMENT ACT,
R.S.C. 1985, c. C-36, AS AMENDED**

**AND IN THE MATTER OF A PLAN OF COMPROMISE OR ARRANGEMENT OF
NORTEL NETWORKS CORPORATION, NORTEL NETWORKS LIMITED, NORTEL
NETWORKS GLOBAL CORPORATION, NORTEL NETWORKS INTERNATIONAL
CORPORATION AND NORTEL NETWORKS TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION (the
"Applicants")**

**APPLICATION UNDER THE COMPANIES' CREDITORS ARRANGEMENT ACT,
R.S.C. 1985, c. C-36, AS AMENDED**

FIFTH AMENDED AND RESTATED INITIAL ORDER

THIS APPLICATION, made by the Applicants, pursuant to the *Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act*, R.S.C. 1985, c. C-36, as amended (the "CCA") was heard this day at 330 University Avenue, Toronto, Ontario.

ON READING the affidavit of John Doolittle sworn January 14, 2009 (the "Doolittle Affidavit") and the Exhibits thereto, the affidavit of John Doolittle sworn June 22, 2009 (the "June Affidavit") and the Exhibits thereto, the report dated January 14, 2009 of Ernst & Young Inc. ("E&Y"), the proposed monitor, and on hearing the submissions of counsel for the Applicants, counsel for the boards of directors of Nortel Networks Corporation and Nortel Networks Limited, counsel for E&Y, counsel for Export Development Canada ("EDC"), Flextronics

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Telecom Systems Ltd., no one else appearing on this Application and on reading the consent of E&Y to act as the Monitor,

SERVICE

1. THIS COURT ORDERS that the time for service of the Notice of Application and the Application Record is hereby abridged so that this Application is properly returnable today and hereby dispenses with further service thereof.

APPLICATION

2. THIS COURT ORDERS AND DECLARES that each of the Applicants is a "debtor company" to which the CCAA applies.

PLAN OF ARRANGEMENT

3. THIS COURT ORDERS that each of the Applicants shall have the authority to file and may, subject to further order of this Court, file with this Court a plan of compromise or arrangement (hereinafter referred to as the "Plan") between, *inter alia*, such Applicant and one or more classes of its secured and/or unsecured creditors as it deems appropriate.

POSSESSION OF PROPERTY AND OPERATIONS

4. THIS COURT ORDERS that each of the Applicants shall remain in possession and control of its current and future assets, undertakings and properties of every nature and kind whatsoever, and wherever situate including all proceeds thereof (the "Property"). Subject to further Order of this Court, each of the Applicants shall continue to carry on business in a manner consistent with the preservation of its business (the "Business") and Property. Each of the Applicants shall be authorized and empowered to continue to retain and employ the employees, consultants, agents, experts, brokers, accountants, legal counsel, financial advisors and such other persons (collectively "Assistants") currently retained or employed by such Applicant, with liberty to retain such further Assistants as such Applicant deems reasonably necessary or desirable for the Business or to carry out the terms of this Order or for the purposes of the Plan.

5. THIS COURT ORDERS that the Applicants shall be entitled to continue to utilize the central cash management system currently in place as described in the Doolittle Affidavit or replace it with another substantially similar central cash management system (the "Cash Management System") and that any present or future bank or banks providing the Cash Management System shall not be under any obligation whatsoever to inquire into the propriety, validity or legality of any transfer, payment, collection or other action taken under the Cash Management System, or as to the use or application by the Applicants of funds transferred, paid, collected or otherwise dealt with in the Cash Management System; shall be entitled to provide the Cash Management System without any liability in respect thereof to any Person (as hereinafter defined) other than the Applicants, pursuant to the terms of the documentation applicable to the Cash Management System; and shall be, in its capacity as provider of the Cash Management System, an unaffected creditor under the Plan with regard to any claims or expenses it may suffer or incur in connection with the provision of the Cash Management System.

6. THIS COURT ORDERS that each of the Applicants, either on its own behalf or on behalf of another Applicant, shall be entitled but not required to pay the following expenses whether incurred prior to, on or after the date of this Order:

- (a) all outstanding and future wages, salaries and employee benefits (including, but not limited to, employee medical and similar benefit plans, relocation and tax equalization programs, the Incentive Plan (as defined in the Doolittle Affidavit) and employee assistance programs), current service, special and similar pension benefit payments, vacation pay, commissions and employee and director expenses, in each case incurred in the ordinary course of business and consistent with existing compensation policies and arrangements;
- (b) compensation to employees in respect of any payments made to employees prior to the date of this Order by way of the issuance of cheques or electronic transfers, which are subsequently dishonoured due to the commencement of proceedings under the CCAA;

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or both of ABN AMRO Bank N.V., Canada Branch ("ABN") and Royal Bank of Canada ("RBC") as additional and continuing security for existing, renewed and new letters of credit, letters of guarantee, surety bonds, and similar instruments (collectively, "LCs") issued (whether before or after January 14, 2009) for the account of or requested by the Applicants or any of them to third parties pursuant to the existing letter of credit agreements between the Applicants and ABN and RBC and any amendments thereto made with the written approval of the Monitor, and for any foreign exchange losses incurred by ABN and its correspondent banks, if any, under LCs issued in currencies other than Canadian dollars, U.S. dollars, British pounds sterling and Euros, on the following basis:

- (i) the posting of such additional cash collateral is for the purposes of paragraph 10 hereof specifically permitted herein and authorized hereby and shall not and will not constitute a fraudulent preference, fraudulent conveyance, oppressive conduct, settlement or other challengeable, voidable or reviewable transaction under any applicable law;
- (ii) the aggregate of all cash collateral that may be posted (inclusive of the cash collateral posted as at February 10, 2009) in respect of LCs issued in Canadian dollars, U.S. dollars, British pounds sterling and Euros shall not exceed the amount of U.S.\$40 million (converting Canadian dollars at the Bank of Canada's Noon spot exchange rate for any day), provided that the LC Banks shall have no liability in the event that cash collateral is posted in an amount that exceeds such maximum and the validity of their claims with respect to any or all of the LC Cash Collateral shall not be limited, lessened or otherwise impaired in any way as a result of such excess; and
- (iii) cash collateral may be posted in respect of LCs issued by ABN in any other currencies in such amounts as are required by the provisions of the applicable letter of credit agreement, including any amendments thereto made with the written approval of the Monitor as security for ABN's exposure to foreign exchange losses;

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- (d) if the same is not guaranteed by EDC, payment of any indebtedness of the Applicants to the LC Banks (as defined in paragraph 10A hereof) when due under the LC Agreements (as defined in paragraph 10A hereof) by way of set-off and transfer of LC Cash Collateral posted as at January 14, 2009 or posted thereafter pursuant to the LC Agreements and subparagraph (c) above;
- (e) without limiting (d), payment of costs and expenses of the LC Banks in connection with the amendment and enforcement of rights under the LC Agreements and any related guarantee bonds issued by EDC if so provided for under an applicable LC Agreement, whether incurred before or after February 10, 2009, including by way of set-off and transfer of LC Cash Collateral;
- (f) the posting of cash collateral in favour of Export Development Canada ("EDC") (collectively, the "EDC Cash Collateral") pursuant to the second amended and restated short-term support agreement between Nortel Networks Limited ("NNL") and EDC dated April 24, 2009, as amended by the amending agreement between NNL and EDC dated June 18, 2009, and the cash collateral agreement between NNL and EDC dated June 18, 2009 and any further amendments to the foregoing made with the written approval of the Monitor (collectively, the "EDC Support Agreements"), on the basis that the EDC Support Agreements are hereby ratified and approved and the posting of such cash collateral is for the purposes of paragraph 10 hereof specifically permitted herein and authorized hereby and shall not and will not constitute a fraudulent preference, fraudulent conveyance, oppressive conduct, settlement or other challengeable, voidable or reviewable transaction under any applicable law;
- (g) payment of any indebtedness of NNL to EDC under the EDC Support Agreements by way of set-off or transfer of EDC Cash Collateral posted as at June 29, 2009 or posted thereafter pursuant to the EDC Support Agreements and subparagraph (f) above; and

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- (h) without limiting (g), payment of costs and expenses of EDC provided for under the EDC Support Agreements by way of set-off or transfer of EDC Cash Collateral, to the extent provided for in the EDC Support Agreements.

7A. THIS COURT ORDERS that no provision of this Order shall require EDC to provide its approval for any proposed amendments to any of the LC Agreements pursuant to any agreement between EDC and any of the LC Banks.

8. THIS COURT ORDERS that the each of the Applicants shall remit, in accordance with legal requirements, or pay:

- (a) any statutory deemed trust amounts in favour of the Crown in right of Canada or of any Province thereof or any other taxation authority which are required to be deducted from employees' wages, including, without limitation, amounts in respect of (i) employment insurance, (ii) Canada Pension Plan, (iii) Quebec Pension Plan, and (iv) income taxes;
- (b) all goods and services or other applicable sales taxes (collectively, "Sales Taxes") required to be remitted by such Applicant in connection with the sale of goods and services by such Applicant, but only where such Sales Taxes are accrued or collected after the date of this Order, or where such Sales Taxes were accrued or collected prior to the date of this Order but not required to be remitted until on or after the date of this Order; and
- (c) any amount payable to the Crown in right of Canada or of any Province or Territory thereof or any political subdivision thereof or any other taxation authority in respect of municipal realty, municipal business or other taxes, assessments or levies of any nature or kind which are entitled at law to be paid in priority to claims of secured creditors and which are attributable to or in respect of the carrying on of the Business by such Applicant.

9. THIS COURT ORDERS that until such time as an Applicant delivers a notice in writing to repudiate a real property lease in accordance with paragraph 11(c) of this Order (a "Notice of Repudiation"), each Applicant shall pay all amounts constituting rent or payable as rent under

real property leases (including, for greater certainty, common area maintenance charges, utilities and realty taxes and any other amounts payable to the landlord under the lease) or as otherwise may be negotiated by such Applicant and the landlord from time to time ("Rent"), for the period commencing from and including the date of this Order, monthly on the first day of each month, in advance (but not in arrears). On the date of the first of such payment, any arrears relating to the period commencing from and including the date of this Order shall also be paid. Upon delivery of a Notice of Repudiation, such Applicant shall pay all Rent due for the notice period stipulated in paragraph 11(c) of this Order, to the extent that Rent for such period has not already been paid.

10. THIS COURT ORDERS that, except as specifically permitted herein, each of the Applicants is hereby directed, until further Order of this Court: (a) to make no payments of principal, interest thereon or otherwise on account of amounts owing by such Applicant to any of its creditors as of this date unless such payments have been approved by the Monitor; (b) to grant no security interests, trust, liens, charges or encumbrances upon or in respect of any of its Property; and (c) to not grant credit or incur liabilities except in the ordinary course of business unless such obligation has been approved by the Monitor.

10A. THIS COURT ORDERS that, notwithstanding paragraph 10 hereof,

- (a) the existing letter of credit agreements between the Applicants and ABN, RBC and Citibank, N.A. acting through its Canadian branch ("Citibank") and any amendments thereto made after January 14, 2009 with the written approval of the Monitor, together with any agreements entered into by the Applicants or any of them with any other lenders with the written approval of the Monitor providing letter of credit facilities or similar facilities to the Applicants or any of them (including those which may be the subject of EDC guarantee bonds issued pursuant to the EDC Support Facility) (collectively, the "LC Agreements"), and the issuance or renewal of LC's pursuant thereto by ABN, RBC, Citibank and any other lenders (collectively, the "LC Banks"), together with any payments made by the Applicants or EDC with respect thereto; and

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- (b) the EDC Support Agreements and any amendments thereto made after June 18, 2009 with the written consent of the Monitor, together with any payments made by NNL with respect thereto,

are specifically permitted herein and authorized hereby and shall not and will not constitute fraudulent preferences, oppressive conduct, settlements or other challengeable, voidable or reviewable transactions under any applicable law

10B. THIS COURT ORDERS that, notwithstanding any other provision in this Order, no LC Bank shall be required to issue a letter of credit to the Applicants or any of them and EDC shall not be required to provide any Secured Support to the Applicants or any of them.

RESTRUCTURING

11. THIS COURT ORDERS that each of the Applicants shall, have the right to:

- (a) permanently or temporarily cease, downsize or shut down any of its business or operations and to dispose of redundant or non-material assets not exceeding CDN\$10,000,000 in any one transaction or CDN\$50,000,000 in the aggregate, subject to paragraph (c), if applicable;
- (b) terminate the employment of such of its employees or temporarily lay off such of its employees as it deems appropriate and to deal with the consequences thereof in the Plan or on further order of the Court;
- (c) in accordance with paragraphs 12 and 13, vacate, abandon or quit the whole but not part of any leased premises and/or repudiate any real property lease and any ancillary agreements relating to any leased premises, on not less than seven (7) days notice in writing to the relevant landlord on such terms as may be agreed upon between the Applicant and such landlord, or failing such agreement, to deal with the consequences thereof in the Plan;
- (d) repudiate such of its arrangements or agreements of any nature whatsoever, including, without limitation, any of its deferred compensation, or bonus plans, change of control plans, stock options or restructured stock unit plans and

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shareholder rights plans whether oral or written, as such Applicant may deem appropriate on such terms as may be agreed upon between such Applicant or any one of them and such counter-parties, or failing such agreement, to deal with the consequences thereof in the Plan; and

- (e) pursue all avenues of refinancing and offers for material parts of its Business or Property, in whole or part, subject to prior approval of this Court being obtained before any material refinancing or any sale (except as permitted by subparagraph (a), above);

all of the foregoing to permit the Applicants to proceed with an orderly restructuring of the Business (the "Restructuring").

12. THIS COURT ORDERS that each of the Applicants shall provide each of the relevant landlords with notice of such Applicant's intention to remove any fixtures from any leased premises at least seven (7) days prior to the date of the intended removal. The relevant landlord shall be entitled to have a representative present in the leased premises to observe such removal and, if the landlord disputes such Applicant's entitlement to remove any such fixture under the provisions of the lease, such fixture shall remain on the premises and shall be dealt with as agreed between any applicable secured creditors, such landlord and such Applicant, or by further Order of this Court upon application by such Applicant on at least two (2) days notice to such landlord and any such secured creditors. If such Applicant repudiates the lease governing such leased premises in accordance with paragraph 11(c) of this Order, it shall not be required to pay Rent under such lease pending resolution of any such dispute (other than Rent payable for the notice period provided for in paragraph 11(c) of this Order), and the repudiation of the lease shall be without prejudice to such Applicant's claim to the fixtures in dispute.

13. THIS COURT ORDERS that if a Notice of Repudiation is delivered, then (a) during the notice period prior to the effective time of the repudiation, the landlord may show the affected leased premises to prospective tenants during normal business hours, on giving the Applicants and the Monitor 24 hours' prior written notice, and (b) at the effective time of the repudiation, the relevant landlord shall be entitled to take possession of any such leased premises without waiver of or prejudice to any claims or rights such landlord may have against the Applicants in

respect of such lease or leased premises and such landlord shall be entitled to notify the Applicants of the basis on which it is taking possession and to gain possession of and re-lease such leased premises to any third party or parties on such terms as such landlord considers advisable, provided that nothing herein shall relieve such landlord of its obligation to mitigate any damages claimed in connection therewith.

NO PROCEEDINGS AGAINST THE APPLICANTS OR THE PROPERTY

14. THIS COURT ORDERS that until and including February 13, 2009 or such later date as this Court may order (the "Stay Period"), no proceeding or enforcement process in any court or tribunal (each, a "Proceeding") shall be commenced, or continued against or in respect of any of the Applicants or the Monitor, or affecting the Business or the Property, except with the written consent of the affected Applicant and the Monitor, or with leave of this Court, and any and all Proceedings currently under way against or in respect of the affected Applicant or affecting the Business or the Property are hereby stayed and suspended pending further Order of this Court.

NO EXERCISE OF RIGHTS OR REMEDIES

15. THIS COURT ORDERS that during the Stay Period, all rights and remedies of any individual, firm, corporation, governmental body or agency, or any other entities (all of the foregoing, collectively being "Persons" and each being a "Person") against or in respect of the Applicants or the Monitor, or affecting the Business or the Property, are hereby stayed and suspended except with the written consent of the affected Applicant and the Monitor, or leave of this Court, provided that nothing in this Order shall (i) empower the Applicants to carry on any business which the Applicants are not lawfully entitled to carry on, (ii) exempt the Applicants from compliance with statutory or regulatory provisions relating to health, safety or the environment, (iii) prevent the filing of any registration to preserve or perfect a security interest, or (iv) prevent the registration of a claim for lien.

NO INTERFERENCE WITH RIGHTS

16. THIS COURT ORDERS that during the Stay Period, no Person shall discontinue, fail to honour, alter, interfere with, repudiate, terminate or cease to perform any right, renewal right,

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contract, agreement, licence or permit in favour of or held by the Applicants, except with the written consent of the Applicants and the Monitor, or leave of this Court.

CONTINUATION OF SERVICES

17. THIS COURT ORDERS that during the Stay Period, all Persons having oral or written agreements with the Applicants or with third parties on behalf of the Applicants, or statutory or regulatory mandates for the supply of goods and/or services, including without limitation all computer software, communication and other data services, centralized banking services, payroll services, employment agency services, insurance, transportation services, utility, leasing or other services to the Business or to any of the Applicants, are hereby restrained until further Order of this Court from discontinuing, altering, interfering with or terminating the supply of such goods or services as may be required by the applicable Applicant and that such Applicant shall be entitled to the continued use of its current premises, telephone numbers, facsimile numbers, internet addresses and domain names, provided in each case that the normal prices or charges for all such goods or services received after the date of this Order are paid by such Applicant, in accordance with normal payment practices of such Applicant, as applicable, or such other practices as may be agreed upon by the supplier or service provider and the affected Applicant and the Monitor, or as may be ordered by this Court.

NON-DEROGATION OF RIGHTS

18. THIS COURT ORDERS that, notwithstanding anything else contained herein, no creditor of the Applicants shall be under any obligation after the making of this Order to advance or re-advance any monies or otherwise extend any credit to the Applicants. Nothing in this Order shall derogate from the rights conferred and obligations imposed by the CCAA.

PROCEEDINGS AGAINST DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

19. THIS COURT ORDERS that during the Stay Period, and except as permitted by subsection 11.5(2) of the CCAA, no Proceeding may be commenced or continued against any of the former, current or future directors or officers of the Applicants with respect to any claim against the directors or officers that arose before the date hereof and that relates to any obligations of the Applicants whereby the directors or officers are alleged under any law to be

liable in their capacity as directors or officers for the payment or performance of such obligations, until a compromise or arrangement in respect of the Applicants, if one is filed, is sanctioned by this Court or is refused by the creditors of the Applicants or this Court.

DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

20. THIS COURT ORDERS that each of the Applicants shall indemnify its directors and officers from all claims, costs, charges and expenses relating to the failure of such Applicant, after the date hereof, to make payments of the nature referred to in subparagraphs 6(a), 6(b), 8(a), 8(b) and 8(c) of this Order or for the Applicants' failure to make payments in respect of employer health tax or workers' compensation which they sustain or incur by reason of or in relation to their respective capacities as directors and/or officers except to the extent that, with respect to any officer or director, such officer or director has actively participated in the breach of any related fiduciary duties or has been grossly negligent or guilty of willful misconduct.

21. THIS COURT ORDERS that the directors and officers of the Applicants shall be entitled to the benefit of and are hereby granted a charge (the "Directors' Charge") on the Property, which charge shall not exceed an aggregate amount of CDN \$45 million, as security for the indemnities provided in paragraph 20 of this Order as well as for fees and disbursements of their legal counsel. The Directors' Charge shall have the priority set out in paragraphs 42 and 44 herein.

21A. THIS COURT ORDERS that, to the extent that any one or more of proven Claims (as defined below), together with the fees and disbursements of legal counsel to the directors and officers of the Applicants, individually or in the aggregate, exceed the amount of CDN \$45 million, each such proven Claim against such directors and officers shall be reduced *pro rata* so that the aggregate of all such proven Claims, together with the fees and disbursements of legal counsel to such directors and officers, shall not exceed the amount of CDN \$45 million and such excess amounts of all such proven Claims and any other Claims are hereby and shall be forever barred, disallowed, enjoined, released, discharged and extinguished as against the directors and officers of the Applicants. Provided, however, that nothing in this paragraph 21A shall operate to release any director or officer of an Applicant in respect of such excess amount of any such Claim where, in respect of such Claim, such director or officer has actively participated in the

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breach of any related fiduciary duties or has been grossly negligent or guilty of wilful misconduct.

In this paragraph 21A, "Claim" shall mean any claim (contingent, liquidated or unliquidated, proven or unproven, known or unknown) or any legal proceeding or action of any nature or kind, in these proceedings or any subsequent receivership or bankruptcy proceedings or in any other proceedings or in any other forum whatsoever, against one or more of the directors or officers of any one or more of the Applicants relating to the failure of any of the Applicants, after the date of this Order, to make payments of the nature referred to in subparagraphs 6(a), 6(b), 8(a), 8(b) and 8(c) of this Order or the Applicants' failure to make payments in respect of employer health tax or workers' compensation, which are or may be directly or indirectly advanced, asserted, re-asserted, refiled or made by any person, governmental or regulatory authority or other entity against one or more of the directors or officers of any one or more of the Applicants, to the extent that such Claim is not covered under any directors' and officers' insurance policy, or to the extent that such coverage is insufficient to pay amounts indemnified in accordance with paragraph 20 of this Order

22. THIS COURT ORDERS that, notwithstanding any language in any applicable insurance policy to the contrary, (a) no insurer shall be entitled to be subrogated to or claim the benefit of the Directors' Charge, and (b) each of the Applicants' directors and officers shall only be entitled to the benefit of the Directors' Charge to the extent that they do not have coverage under any directors' and officers' insurance policy, or to the extent that such coverage is insufficient to pay amounts indemnified in accordance with paragraph 20 of this Order.

23. THIS COURT ORDERS that each of NNC's and NNL's directors shall be entitled to receive remuneration in cash on a current basis at current compensation levels (less an overall U.S.\$25,000 reduction) notwithstanding the terms of, or elections made under, the Directors' Compensation Plan.

APPOINTMENT OF MONITOR

24. THIS COURT ORDERS that E&Y is hereby appointed pursuant to the CCAA as the Monitor, an officer of this Court, to monitor the Property and the Applicants' conduct of the

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Business with the powers and obligations set out in the CCAA or set forth herein and that each of the Applicants and its officers, directors, and Assistants shall advise the Monitor of all material steps taken by such Applicant pursuant to this Order, and shall co-operate fully with the Monitor in the exercise of its powers and discharge of its obligations.

25. THIS COURT ORDERS that the Monitor, in addition to its prescribed rights and obligations under the CCAA, is hereby directed and empowered to:

- (a) monitor the Applicants' receipts and disbursements;
- (b) provide the consents contemplated herein;
- (c) report to this Court at such times and intervals as the Monitor may deem appropriate with respect to matters relating to the Property, the Business, and such other matters as may be relevant to the proceedings herein;
- (d) advise the Applicants in their preparation of the Applicants' cash flow statements and any other reporting to the Court or otherwise;
- (e) advise the Applicants in their development of the Plan or Plans and any amendments to such Plan or Plans;
- (f) assist the Applicants, to the extent required by the Applicants, with the Restructuring;
- (g) assist the Applicants, to the extent required by the Applicants, with the holding and administering of creditors' or shareholders' meetings for voting on the Plan or Plans;
- (h) have full and complete access to the books, records and management, employees and advisors of the Applicants and to the Business and the Property to the extent required to perform its duties arising under this Order;
- (i) be at liberty to engage independent legal counsel or such other persons as the Monitor deems necessary or advisable respecting the exercise of its powers and

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performance of its obligations under this Order including, without limitation, one or more entities related to or affiliated with the Monitor;

- (j) consider, and if deemed advisable by the Monitor, prepare a report and assessment on the Plan or Plans;
- (k) assist the Applicants with respect to any insolvency proceedings commenced by or with respect to any other Nortel Company (as defined in the Doolittle Affidavit) in any foreign jurisdiction (collectively, "Foreign Proceedings") and report to this Court, as it deems appropriate, on the Foreign Proceedings with respect to matters relating to the Applicants;
- (l) apply as the foreign representative of the Applicants, for recognition of these proceedings as "Foreign Main Proceedings", pursuant to Chapter 15 of the United States Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. §101 (the "U.S. Bankruptcy Code") or similar legislation in any other jurisdiction; and
- (m) perform such other duties as are required by this Order or by this Court from time to time.

26. THIS COURT ORDERS that the Monitor shall not take possession of the Property and shall take no part whatsoever in the management or supervision of the management of the Business and shall not, by fulfilling its obligations hereunder, be deemed to have taken or maintained possession or control of the Business or Property, or any part thereof.

27. THIS COURT ORDERS that nothing herein contained shall require the Monitor to occupy or to take control, care, charge, possession or management (separately and/or collectively, "Possession") of any of the Property that might be environmentally contaminated, might be a pollutant or a contaminant, or might cause or contribute to a spill, discharge, release or deposit of a substance contrary to any federal, provincial or other law respecting the protection, conservation, enhancement, remediation or rehabilitation of the environment or relating to the disposal of waste or other contamination including, without limitation, the *Canadian Environmental Protection Act*, the *Ontario Environmental Protection Act*, the *Ontario Water Resources Act*, or the *Ontario Occupational Health and Safety Act* and regulations

thereunder (the "Environmental Legislation"), provided however that nothing herein shall exempt the Monitor from any duty to report or make disclosure imposed by applicable Environmental Legislation. The Monitor shall not, as a result of this Order or anything done in pursuance of the Monitor's duties and powers under this Order, be deemed to be in Possession of any of the Property within the meaning of any Environmental Legislation, unless it is actually in possession.

28. THIS COURT ORDERS that that the Monitor shall provide any creditor of the Applicants with information provided by the Applicants in response to reasonable requests for information made in writing by such creditor addressed to the Monitor. The Monitor shall not have any responsibility or liability with respect to the information disseminated by it pursuant to this paragraph. In the case of information that the Monitor has been advised by the Applicants is confidential, the Monitor shall not provide such information to creditors unless otherwise directed by this Court or on such terms as the Monitor and the Applicants may agree.

29. THIS COURT ORDERS that, in addition to the rights and protections afforded the Monitor under the CCAA or as an officer of this Court, the Monitor shall incur no liability or obligation as a result of its appointment and the fulfilment of its duties or the carrying out of the provisions of this Order, save and except for any gross negligence or wilful misconduct on its part. Nothing in this Order shall derogate from the protections afforded the Monitor by the CCAA or any applicable legislation.

30. THIS COURT ORDERS that the Monitor, counsel to the Monitor, counsel to the Applicants and counsel to directors shall be paid their reasonable fees and disbursements incurred both before and after the making of the Order, in each case at their standard rates and charges, by the Applicants as part of the costs of these proceedings. Each of the Applicants is hereby authorized and directed to pay the accounts of the Monitor, counsel for the Monitor, counsel for the Applicants and counsel to directors on a weekly basis and, in addition, each of the Applicants is hereby authorized to pay to: (a) the Monitor and its Canadian and U.S. counsel a retainer in the aggregate amount of CDN\$750,000; and (b) counsel to the Applicants a retainer in the amount of CDN\$750,000 (collectively, the "Retainers") to be held by them as security for payment of their respective fees and disbursements outstanding from time to time.

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31. THIS COURT ORDERS that the Monitor and its legal counsel shall pass their accounts from time to time, and for this purpose the accounts of the Monitor and its legal counsel are hereby referred to a judge of the Commercial List of the Ontario Superior Court of Justice.

32. THIS COURT ORDERS that the Monitor, counsel to the Monitor, if any, and the Applicants' counsel shall be entitled to the benefit of and are hereby granted a charge (the "Administration Charge") on the Property, which charge shall not exceed an aggregate amount of \$5,000,000, as security for their professional fees and disbursements incurred at the standard rates and charges of the Monitor and such counsel, both before and after the making of this Order in respect of these proceedings. The Administration Charge shall have the priority set out in paragraphs 42 and 44 hereof.

EDC

33. Intentionally Deleted.

INTERCOMPANY LOANS

34. THIS COURT ORDERS to the extent that an Applicant receives a post-filing inter-company loan or other transfer (including goods and services) from a Chapter 11 Entity (as defined in the Doolittle Affidavit) (including as a result of the Applicants' cash management system or otherwise) (each such Applicant, a "Beneficiary Applicant"), and such post-filing inter-company loan or other transfer is made (each an "Advance") by a Chapter 11 Entity (together with NNL for the purposes of paragraph 34A below, a "Protected Entity"), then, subject to the limitations set forth in this paragraph:

- (a) the Protected Entity shall have a proven and valid claim against such Beneficiary Applicant for the amount of such Advance (each, an "Inter-company Reimbursement Claim"), which Inter-company Reimbursement Claim shall bear interest at a rate agreed between the applicable Beneficiary Applicant and Protected Entity from time to time for the period in accordance with past practice; and

- (b) all of the Property of the Beneficiary Applicant, is hereby charged by a mortgage, lien and security interest (such mortgage, lien and security interest, "Inter-company Charge") in favour of each of the Protected Entities as security for payment of the Inter-company Reimbursement Claim (including principal, interest and expenses) by the applicable Beneficiary Applicant to the corresponding Protected Entity.

34A. THIS COURT ORDERS that the Inter-Company Charge shall also secure any Advances made by NNL to Nortel Networks Technology Corporation ("NNTC") on or after January 14, 2009 and that NNL shall be a "Protected Entity" and NNTC shall be a "Beneficiary Applicant" in respect of such Advances.

35. THIS COURT ORDERS that the Inter-company Charge shall also secure the Remaining Revolver Claim (as defined in the Final Canadian Funding and Settlement Agreement dated as of December 22, 2009 among, *inter alia*, the Applicants and NNI) as also evidenced by the Secured Promissory Note dated as of February 16, 2010 in the principal amount of U.S.\$62,700,000 given by NNL to NNI.

36. THIS COURT ORDERS the Inter-company Charge shall be junior, subject and subordinate only to the other Charges (defined below), and any other future charges against such Beneficiary Applicant that, by the Court order creating them, are expressly stated to be senior to the Inter-company Charges entered after notice and a hearing.

37. THIS COURT ORDERS that pending further order of this Court, an Inter-company Charge shall be a "silent" charge and the Protected Entity shall forbear from exercising, and shall not be entitled to exercise, any right or remedy relating to any Inter-company Reimbursement Claim held by such party, including, without limitation, as to seeking relief from the stay granted hereunder, or seeking any sale, foreclosure, realization upon repossession or liquidation of any Property of a Beneficiary Applicant, or taking any position with respect to any disposition of the Property, the business operations, or the reorganization of a Beneficiary Applicant. An Inter-company Charge automatically, and without further action of any person or entity of any kind, shall be released or otherwise terminated to the extent that Property subject to such Inter-company Charge is sold or otherwise disposed of in accordance with the terms of this Order or

further order of this Court after notice and a hearing, with respect to the effect of an Inter-company Charge on any sale of Property by any Beneficiary Applicant.

38. THIS COURT ORDERS that the Beneficiary Applicants may sell Property, in accordance with the terms of this Order or further order of this Court after notice and a hearing, in each case free and clear of any Inter-company Charge, with such Inter-company Charge attaching to the proceeds of sale in the same priority and subject to the same limitations and restrictions as existed in respect of the Property sold.

INTERIM GROUP SUPPLIER PROTOCOL AGREEMENT

39. THIS COURT ORDERS that the Applicants be and are hereby authorized to enter into a group supplier protocol agreement (the "Interim GSPA") substantially in the form attached as Exhibit "C" to the Doolittle Affidavit which agreement shall be effective upon the appointment of the Administrators in the United Kingdom, and the Applicants are hereby authorized to perform each of their obligations, if any, under the Interim GSPA. The obligations of the Applicants under the Interim GSPA shall be secured by the Inter-Company Charge.

NNI LOAN

40. THIS COURT ORDERS that the amended and restated loan agreement entered into between>NNL, as borrower,>NNTC and the other Applicants as guarantors, and Nortel Networks Inc. ("NNI") as lender (the "NNI Loan Agreement"), substantially in the form attached as Exhibit "B" to the Affidavit of John Doolittle sworn March 27, 2009 providing for a revolving loan facility of up to U.S.\$200 million is hereby approved and each of the Applicants is hereby directed to execute and to comply with its obligations under the NNI Loan Agreement.

41. Intentionally deleted.

41A. Intentionally deleted.

41B. Intentionally deleted.

41C. Intentionally deleted.

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EXCESS FUNDING CHARGE

41D. THIS COURT ORDERS that as security for NNL's obligation to repay to NNI the Contingent Payment (as defined in the Interim Funding Agreement, as defined in the June Affidavit) along with interest, if any, NNI shall be entitled to the benefit of and is hereby granted a charge on the Property (the "Excess Funding Charge"). The Excess Funding Charge shall have the priority set out in paragraphs 42 and 44 hereof.

SHORTFALL CHARGE

41E. THIS COURT ORDERS that as security for any obligation of NNL to make the Shortfall Payments (as defined in the Interim Funding Agreement, as defined in the June Affidavit), Nortel Networks UK Limited shall be entitled to the benefit of and is hereby granted a charge on the Property (the "Shortfall Charge"). The Shortfall Charge shall have the priority set out in paragraphs 42 and 44 hereof.

VALIDITY AND PRIORITY OF CHARGES CREATED BY THIS ORDER

42. THIS COURT ORDERS that the priorities of the Administration Charge, the Excess Funding Charge, the Directors' Charge, the Inter-company Charge, the Shortfall Charge, the Payments Charge and the Nortel Special Incentive Plan Charge on all Property shall be as follows:

First – the Administration Charge;

Second – the Excess Funding Charge

Third – the Directors' Charge; and

Fourth -

(a) the Inter-Company Charge;

(b) the Shortfall Charge,

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which Inter-company Charge and Shortfall Charge shall rank *pari passu* with one another.

Fifth -

- (a) the Payments Charge (as defined in the employee Settlement Approval Order of this Court made on March 31, 2010); and
- (b) the Nortel Special Incentive Plan Charge (as defined in the order approving the Nortel Special Incentive Plan of this Court made on March 8, 2010),

which Payments Charge and Nortel Special Incentive Plan Charge shall rank *pari passu* with one another.

43. THIS COURT ORDERS that the filing, registration or perfection of the Administration Charge, Excess Funding Charge, the Directors' Charge, the Inter-company Charge, the Shortfall Charge, the Payments Charge and the Nortel Special Incentive Plan Charge (collectively, the "Charges") shall not be required, and that the Charges shall be valid and enforceable for all purposes, including as against any right, title or interest filed, registered, recorded or perfected subsequent to the Charges coming into existence, notwithstanding any such failure to file, register, record or perfect. Notwithstanding anything herein, the Charges shall not attach to the Retainers.

44. THIS COURT ORDERS that each of the Charges (all as constituted and defined herein), shall subject to this paragraph 44 and to paragraph 46 herein constitute a charge on the Property secured thereunder, and such Charges shall rank in priority to all other security interests, trusts, liens, charges and encumbrances, statutory or otherwise (collectively, "Encumbrances") in favour of any Person. For greater certainty,

- (a) the Charges shall attach to the LC Cash Collateral junior in priority to any rights or Encumbrances in favour of LC Banks in respect of LC Cash Collateral and only to the extent of the rights of the Applicants to the return of any LC Cash Collateral from the LC Banks following the exercise of the rights of the LC Banks

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as against any such LC Cash Collateral pursuant to the LC Agreements or section 18.1 of the CCAA, and

- (b) the Charges shall attach to the EDC Cash Collateral junior in priority to any rights or Encumbrances in favour of EDC in respect of EDC Cash Collateral and only to the extent of the rights of NNL to the return of any EDC Cash Collateral from EDC following the exercise of the rights of EDC as against any such EDC Cash Collateral pursuant to the EDC Support Agreements or section 18.1 of the CCAA

notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Order.

45. THIS COURT ORDERS that except as otherwise expressly provided for herein, or as may be approved by this Court, the Applicants shall not grant any Encumbrances over any Property that rank in priority to, or *pari passu* with, any of the Charges charging such Property, unless the Applicants also obtain the prior written consent of the Monitor and the beneficiaries of such Charges, or by further Order of this Court.

46. THIS COURT ORDERS that none of the Charges, the LC Agreements and the EDC Support Agreements shall be rendered invalid or unenforceable and the rights and remedies of the chargees entitled to the benefit of the Charges (collectively, the "Chargees") thereunder, the rights of the LC Banks under LC Agreements and the rights of EDC under the EDC Support shall not otherwise be limited or impaired in any way by (a) the pendency of these proceedings and the declarations of insolvency made herein; (b) any application(s) for bankruptcy order(s) issued pursuant to BIA, or any bankruptcy order made pursuant to such applications; (c) the filing of any assignments for the general benefit of creditors made pursuant to the BIA; (d) the provisions of any federal or provincial statutes; or (e) any negative covenants, prohibitions or other similar provisions with respect to borrowings, incurring debt or the creation of Encumbrances, contained in any existing loan documents, lease, sublease, offer to lease or other agreement (collectively, an "Agreement") which binds the Applicants, and notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in any Agreement:

- (a) the creation of the Charges, the entering into of the LC Agreements and the issuance or renewal of LC's thereunder and the entering into of the EDC Support

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Agreements and the provision of Secured Support, as defined and contemplated thereunder, shall not create or be deemed to constitute a breach by any of the Applicants of any Agreement to which it is a party;

- (b) none of the Chargees, the LC Banks and EDC shall have any liability to any Person whatsoever as a result of any breach of any Agreement caused by or resulting from, the creation of the Charges, the entering into of the LC Agreements or the issuance or renewal of LC's thereunder or the entering into of the EDC Support Agreements and the provision of Secured Support; and
- (c) the payments made by the Applicants pursuant to this Order and the granting of the Charges and the entering into of the LC Agreements and the EDC Support Agreements do not and will not constitute fraudulent preferences, fraudulent conveyances, oppressive conduct, settlements or other challengeable, voidable or reviewable transactions under any applicable law.

47. THIS COURT ORDERS that any Charge created by this Order over leases of real property in Canada shall only be a Charge in the Applicants' interest in such real property leases.

FLEXTRONICS AMENDING AGREEMENT

48. THIS COURT ORDERS that the Flextronics Amending Agreement in the form attached as Exhibit "B" to the Doolittle Affidavit be and is hereby approved and NNL is hereby authorized and directed to comply with its obligations thereunder.

CROSS-BORDER PROTOCOL

49. THIS COURT ORDERS that the cross-border protocol, as amended, in the form attached as Schedule "A" hereto be and is hereby approved and shall become effective upon its approval by the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware and the parties to these proceedings and any other Person shall be governed by it and shall comply with the same.

FOREIGN PROCEEDINGS

50. THIS COURT ORDERS that the Monitor is hereby authorized and directed to apply for recognition of these proceedings as "Foreign Main Proceedings" in the United States pursuant to Chapter 15 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code.

51. THIS COURT HEREBY REQUESTS the aid and recognition of any court, tribunal, regulatory or administrative body having jurisdiction in Canada, the United States, the United Kingdom or elsewhere, to give effect to this Order and to assist the Applicants, the Monitor and their respective agents in carrying out the terms of this Order. All courts, tribunals, regulatory and administrative bodies are hereby respectfully requested to make such orders and to provide such assistance to the Applicants and to the Monitor, as an officer of this Court, as may be necessary or desirable to give effect to this Order, to grant representative status to the Monitor in any foreign proceeding, or to assist the Applicants and the Monitor and their respective agents in carrying out the terms of this Order.

52. THIS COURT ORDERS that each of the Applicants and the Monitor be at liberty and is hereby authorized and empowered to apply to any court, tribunal, regulatory or administrative body, wherever located, for the recognition of this Order and for assistance in carrying out the terms of this Order.

SERVICE AND NOTICE

53. THIS COURT ORDERS that the Monitor shall, within ten (10) business days of the date of entry of this Order, send notice of this Order and the commencement of the within proceedings to the Applicants' known creditors, other than employees and creditors to which the Applicants owe less than \$5,000, at their addresses as they appear on the Applicants' records, and shall promptly send a copy of this Order (a) to all parties filing a Notice of Appearance in respect of this Application, and (b) to any other interested Person requesting a copy of this Order, and the Monitor is relieved of its obligation under Section 11(5) of the CCAA to provide similar notice, other than to supervise this process. The Monitor, on behalf of the Applicants, shall, in its discretion, be entitled to engage a third party mailing service in order to assist or complete the mailing. Any such service provider shall be considered an "Assistant" hereunder.

54. THIS COURT ORDERS that the Applicants and the Monitor be at liberty to serve this Order, any other materials and orders in these proceedings, and any notices or other correspondence, by forwarding true copies thereof by prepaid ordinary mail, courier, personal delivery or electronic transmission to the Applicants' creditors or other interested parties at their respective addresses as last shown on the records of the Applicants and that any such service or notice by courier, personal delivery or electronic transmission shall be deemed to be received on the next business day following the date of forwarding thereof, or if sent by ordinary mail, on the third business day after mailing.

55. THIS COURT ORDERS that the Applicants, the Monitor, and any party who has filed a Notice of Appearance may serve any court materials in these proceedings by e-mailing a PDF or other electronic copy of such materials to counsels' email addresses as recorded on the Service List from time to time, in accordance with the E-filing protocol of the Commercial List to the extent practicable, and the Monitor may post a copy of any or all such materials on its website at <http://www.ey.com/ca/nortel>.

GENERAL

56. THIS COURT ORDERS that any of the Applicants or the Monitor may from time to time apply to this Court for advice and directions in the discharge of its powers and duties hereunder.

57. THIS COURT ORDERS that nothing in this Order shall prevent the Monitor from acting as an interim receiver, a receiver, a receiver and manager, or a trustee in bankruptcy of the Applicants, the Business or the Property.

58. THIS COURT ORDERS that any interested party (including the Applicants and the Monitor) may apply to this Court to vary or amend this Order on not less than seven (7) days notice to any other party or parties likely to be affected by the order sought or upon such other notice, if any, as this Court may order.

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59. THIS COURT ORDERS that this Order and all of its provisions are effective as of 12:01 a.m. Eastern Standard Time on the date of this Order.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "D. Manning", is written over a horizontal line.

ENTERED AT / INSCRIT A TORONTO
ON / BOOK NO:
LE / DANS LE REGISTRE NO.:

FEB 25 2011

PER / PAR:

NB

SCHEDULE "A" – CROSS-BORDER PROTOCOL

Attached.

CROSS-BORDER INSOLVENCY PROTOCOL

This cross-border insolvency protocol (the "Protocol") shall govern the conduct of all parties in interest in the Insolvency Proceedings (as such term is defined herein).

The Guidelines Applicable to Court-to-Court Communications in Cross-Border Cases (the "Guidelines") attached as Schedule "A" hereto, shall be incorporated by reference and form part of this Protocol. Where there is any discrepancy between the Protocol and the Guidelines, this Protocol shall prevail.

A. Background

1. Nortel Networks Inc. ("NNI") is the wholly owned U.S. subsidiary of Nortel Networks Limited ("NNL"), the principal Canadian operating subsidiary of Nortel Networks Corporation ("NNC"). NNC is a telecommunications company headquartered in Toronto, Ontario, Canada. NNI is incorporated under Delaware law and is headquartered in Richardson, Texas.

2. NNI and certain of its affiliates (collectively, the "U.S. Debtors"),¹ have commenced reorganization proceedings (the "U.S. Proceedings") under chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. § 101 *et seq.* (the "Bankruptcy Code"), in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the "U.S. Court"), and such cases have been consolidated (for procedural purposes only) under Case No. 09-10138 (KG). The U.S. Debtors are continuing in possession of their respective properties and are operating and managing their businesses, as debtors in possession, pursuant to sections 1107 and 1108 of the Bankruptcy Code. No trustee or examiner has been appointed in the U.S. Proceedings. On January 22, 2009,

¹ The Debtors in the U.S. Proceedings (as defined herein) are: NNI, Nortel Networks Capital Corporation, Nortel Altsystems Inc., Nortel Altsystems International Inc., XRCS, Inc., Sonoma Systems, QTERA Corporation, CoreTek, Inc., Nortel Networks Applications Management Solutions Inc., Nortel Networks Optical Components Inc., Nortel Networks HPOCS Inc., Architel Systems (U.S.) Corporation, Nortel Networks International Inc., Northern Telecom International Inc. and Nortel Networks Cable Solutions Inc.

the Office of United States Trustee (the "U.S. Trustee") appointed an official committee of unsecured creditors (the "Creditors Committee") in the U.S. Proceeding. An ad hoc committee of bondholders (the "Bondholders Committee") has also been organized.

3. On January 14, 2009, the U.S. Debtors' ultimate corporate parent NNC, NNI's direct corporate parent NNL (together with NNC and their affiliates, including the U.S. Debtors, "Nortel"), and certain of their Canadian affiliates (collectively, the "Canadian Debtors")² filed an application with the Ontario Superior Court of Justice (the "Canadian Court") under the Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act (Canada) (the "CCAA"), seeking relief from their creditors (collectively, the "Canadian Proceedings"). The Canadian Debtors have obtained an initial order of the Canadian Court (as amended and restated, the "Canadian Order"), under which, inter alia: (a) the Canadian Debtors have been determined to be entitled to relief under the CCAA; (b) Ernst & Young Inc. has been appointed as monitor (the "Monitor") of the Canadian Debtors, with the rights, powers, duties and limitations upon liabilities set forth in the CCAA and the Canadian Order; and (c) a stay of proceedings in respect of the Canadian Debtors has been granted.

4. The Monitor filed petitions and obtained an order in the U.S. Court granting recognition of the Canadian Proceedings under chapter 15 of the Bankruptcy Code (the "Chapter 15 Proceedings"). NNI also filed an application and obtained an order in the Canadian Court pursuant to section 18.6 of the CCAA recognizing the U.S. Proceedings as "foreign proceedings" in Canada and giving effect to the automatic stay thereunder in Canada. None of the U.S. Debtors or Canadian Debtors are applicants in both the U.S. Proceedings and Canadian Proceedings.

² The Canadian Debtors include the following entities: NNC, NNL, Nortel Networks Technology Corporation, Nortel Networks Global Corporation and Nortel Networks International Corporation.

5. For convenience, (a) the U.S. Debtors and the Canadian Debtors shall be referred to herein collectively as the "Debtors," (b) the U.S. Proceedings and the Canadian Proceedings shall be referred to herein collectively as the "Insolvency Proceedings," and (c) the U.S. Court and the Canadian Court shall be referred to herein collectively as the "Courts", and each individually as a "Court."

B. Purpose and Goals

6. Though full and separate plenary proceedings are pending in the United States for the U.S. Debtors and in Canada for the Canadian Debtors, the implementation of administrative procedures and cross-border guidelines is both necessary and desirable to coordinate certain activities in the Insolvency Proceedings, protect the rights of parties thereto, ensure the maintenance of the Courts' respective independent jurisdiction and give effect to the doctrines of comity. Accordingly, this Protocol has been developed to promote the following mutually desirable goals and objectives in the Insolvency Proceedings:

- a. harmonize and coordinate activities in the Insolvency Proceedings before the Courts;
- b. promote the orderly and efficient administration of the Insolvency Proceedings to, among other things, maximize the efficiency of the Insolvency Proceedings, reduce the costs associated therewith and avoid duplication of effort;
- c. honor the independence and integrity of the Courts and other courts and tribunals of the United States and Canada, respectively;
- d. promote international cooperation and respect for comity among the Courts, the Debtors, the Creditors Committee, the Estate Representatives (which include the Chapter 11 Representatives and the Canadian Representatives as such terms are defined below) and other creditors and interested parties in the Insolvency Proceedings;
- e. facilitate the fair, open and efficient administration of the Insolvency Proceedings for the benefit of all of the Debtors' creditors and other interested parties, wherever located; and

- f. implement a framework of general principles to address basic administrative issues arising out of the cross-border nature of the Insolvency Proceedings.

As the Insolvency Proceedings progress, the Courts may also jointly determine that other cross-border matters that may arise in the Insolvency Proceedings should be dealt with under and in accordance with the principles of this Protocol. Subject to the provisions of this Protocol, including, without limitation, those included in paragraph 15 hereof, where an issue is to be addressed only to one Court, in rendering a determination in any cross-border matter, such Court may: (a) to the extent practical or advisable, consult with the other Court; and (b) in its sole discretion and bearing in mind the principles of comity, either (i) render a binding decision after such consultation; (ii) defer to the determination of the other Court by transferring the matter, in whole or in part to the other Court; or (iii) seek a joint hearing of both Courts.

C. Comity and Independence of the Courts

7. The approval and implementation of this Protocol shall not divest nor diminish the U.S. Court's and the Canadian Court's respective independent jurisdiction over the subject matter of the U.S. Proceedings and the Canadian Proceedings, respectively. By approving and implementing this Protocol, neither the U.S. Court, the Canadian Court, the Debtors nor any creditors or interested parties shall be deemed to have approved or engaged in any infringement on the sovereignty of the United States of America or Canada.

8. The U.S. Court shall have sole and exclusive jurisdiction and power over the conduct of the U.S. Proceedings and the hearing and determination of matters arising in the U.S. Proceedings. The Canadian Court shall have sole and exclusive jurisdiction and power over the conduct of the Canadian Proceedings and the hearing and determination of matters arising in the Canadian Proceedings.

9. In accordance with the principles of comity and independence recognized herein, nothing contained herein shall be construed to:

- a. increase, decrease or otherwise modify the independence, sovereignty or jurisdiction of the U.S. Court, the Canadian Court or any other court or tribunal in the United States or Canada, including the ability of any such court or tribunal to provide appropriate relief on an ex parte or "limited notice" basis to the extent permitted under applicable law;
- b. require the U.S. Court to take any action that is inconsistent with its obligations under the laws of the United States;
- c. require the Canadian Court to take any action that is inconsistent with its obligations under the laws of Canada;
- d. require the Debtors, the Creditors Committee, the Estate Representatives or the U.S. Trustee to take any action or refrain from taking any action that would result in a breach of any duty imposed on them by any applicable law;
- e. authorize any action that requires the specific approval of one or both of the Courts under the Bankruptcy Code or the CCAA after appropriate notice and a hearing (except to the extent that such action is specifically described in this Protocol); or
- f. preclude the Debtors, the Creditors Committee, the Monitor, the U.S. Trustee, any creditor or other interested party from asserting such party's substantive rights under the applicable laws of the United States, Canada or any other relevant jurisdiction including, without limitation, the rights of parties in interest to appeal from the decisions taken by one or both of the Courts.

10. The Debtors, the Creditors Committee, the Estate Representatives and their respective employees, members, agents and professionals shall respect and comply with the independent, non-delegable duties imposed upon them, if any, by the Bankruptcy Code, the CCAA, the Canadian Order and other applicable laws.

D. Cooperation

11. To assist in the efficient administration of the Insolvency Proceedings and in recognizing that the U.S. Debtors and Canadian Debtors may be creditors of the others'

estates, the Debtors and their respective Estate Representatives shall, where appropriate: (a) cooperate with each other in connection with actions taken in both the U.S. Court and the Canadian Court and (b) take any other appropriate steps to coordinate the administration of the Insolvency Proceedings for the benefit of the Debtors' respective estates.

12. To harmonize and coordinate the administration of the Insolvency Proceedings, the U.S. Court and the Canadian Court each may coordinate activities and consider whether it is appropriate to defer to the judgment of the other Court. In furtherance of the foregoing:

- a. The U.S. Court and the Canadian Court may communicate with one another, with or without counsel present, with respect to any procedural matter relating to the Insolvency Proceedings.
- b. Where the issue of the proper jurisdiction of either Court to determine an issue is raised by an interested party in either of the Insolvency Proceedings with respect to a motion or application filed in either Court, the Court before which such motion or application was initially filed may contact the other Court to determine an appropriate process by which the issue of jurisdiction will be determined; which process shall be subject to submissions by the Debtors, the Creditors Committee, the Monitor, the Bondholders Committee (collectively the "Core Parties"), the U.S. Trustee and any interested party prior to a determination on the issue of jurisdiction being made by either Court.
- c. The Courts may, but are not obligated to, coordinate activities in the Insolvency Proceedings such that the subject matter of any particular action, suit, request, application, contested matter or other proceeding is determined in a single Court.
- d. The U.S. Court and the Canadian Court may conduct joint hearings (each a "Joint Hearing") with respect to any cross-border matter or the interpretation or implementation of this Protocol where both the U.S. Court and the Canadian Court consider such a Joint Hearing to be necessary or advisable, or as otherwise provided herein, to, among other things, facilitate or coordinate proper and efficient conduct of the Insolvency Proceedings or the resolution of any particular issue in the Insolvency Proceedings. With respect to any Joint Hearing, unless otherwise ordered, the following procedures will be followed:

- (i) A telephone or video link shall be established so that both the U.S. Court and the Canadian Court shall be able to simultaneously hear and/or view the proceedings in the other Court.
- (ii) Submissions or applications by any party that are or become the subject of a Joint Hearing (collectively, "Pleadings") shall be made or filed initially only to the Court in which such party is appearing and seeking relief. Promptly after the scheduling of any Joint Hearing, the party submitting such Pleadings to one Court shall file courtesy copies with the other Court. In any event, Pleadings seeking relief from both Courts shall be filed in advance of the Joint Hearing with both Courts.
- (iii) Any party intending to rely on any written evidentiary materials in support of a submission to the U.S. Court or the Canadian Court in connection with any Joint Hearing (collectively, "Evidentiary Materials") shall file or otherwise submit such materials to both Courts in advance of the Joint Hearing. To the fullest extent possible, the Evidentiary Materials filed in each Court shall be identical and shall be consistent with the procedural and evidentiary rules and requirements of each Court.
- (iv) If a party has not previously appeared in or attorned or does not wish to attorn to the jurisdiction of a Court, it shall be entitled to file Pleadings or Evidentiary Materials in connection with the Joint Hearing without, by the mere act of such filings, being deemed to have appeared in or attorned to the jurisdiction of such Court in which such material is filed, so long as such party does not request any affirmative relief from such Court.
- (v) The Judge of the U.S. Court and the Justice of the Canadian Court who will preside over the Joint Hearing shall be entitled to communicate with each other in advance of any Joint Hearing, with or without counsel being present, (1) to establish guidelines for the orderly submission of Pleadings, Evidentiary Materials and other papers and for the rendering of decisions by the Courts; and (2) to address any related procedural, administrative or preliminary matters.
- (vi) The Judge of the U.S. Court and the Justice of the Canadian Court, shall be entitled to communicate with each other during or after any joint hearing, with or without counsel present, for the purposes of (1) determining whether consistent rulings can be made by both Courts; (2) coordinating the terms upon of the Courts' respective rulings; and (3) addressing any other procedural or administrative matters.

13. Notwithstanding the terms of the paragraph 12 above, this Protocol recognizes that the U.S. Court and the Canadian Court are independent courts. Accordingly, although the Courts will seek to cooperate and coordinate with each other in good faith, each of the Courts shall be entitled at all times to exercise its independent jurisdiction and authority with respect to: (a) the conduct of the parties appearing in matters presented to such Court; and (b) matters presented to such Court, including, without limitation, the right to determine if matters are properly before such Court.

14. Where one Court has jurisdiction over a matter which requires the application of the law of the jurisdiction of the other Court, such Court may, without limitation, hear expert evidence of such law or, subject to paragraph 15 herein, seek the written advice and direction of the other Court which advice may in the discretion of the receiving Court, be made available to parties in interest.

15. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein contained, to the extent any motion is filed or relief is sought (collectively, "Requested Relief") in either Court relating to: (i) the proposed sale of assets for gross proceeds in excess of U.S. \$30 million and where at least one U.S. Debtor and one Canadian Debtor are parties to the related sale agreement or that involves assets owned by at least one U.S. Debtor and one Canadian Debtor; (ii) any motion to allocate sale proceeds which are in the aggregate more than U.S. \$30 million and where at least one U.S. Debtor and one Canadian Debtor are parties to the related sale agreement or that involves assets owned by at least one U.S. Debtor and one Canadian Debtor; (iii) matters relating to the advanced pricing agreement involving both the United States and Canadian taxing authorities; (iv) matters regarding transfer pricing methodology relating to an obligation for the transfer of goods and services between one or more U.S. Debtors and one or more Canadian

Debtors; (v) any matter relating to alleged fraudulent conveyance or preference claims in excess of U.S. \$30 million and which may have a material impact on both one or more U.S. Debtors and one or more Canadian Debtors; (vi) matters relating to any proposal or approval of a disclosure statement, information circular, plan of reorganization or plan of compromise and arrangements in either the U.S. Proceedings or the Canadian Proceedings; (vii) any motion to appoint a Trustee or Examiner in the U.S. Proceedings, any motion to convert the U.S. Proceedings to a Chapter 7 proceeding, any motion to appoint a Receiver in the Canadian Proceedings, or any motion to convert the Canadian Proceedings to a bankruptcy or proposal proceeding under the Bankruptcy and Insolvency Act (Canada); (viii) any motion to substantively consolidate the Debtors' estates; (ix) matters impacting the material tax attributes of the U.S. Debtors, including the net operating losses of the U.S. Debtors in any prior fiscal year; (x) any motion to amend the terms of any of the Debtors' registered pension plans the effect of which would increase the liability of any Debtor thereunder; (xi) any motion to assume, ratify, reject, repudiate, modify or assign executory contracts having a material impact on the assets, operations, obligations, rights, property or business of both the U.S. and Canadian estates and accounting for annual gross revenue in excess of U.S. \$30 million ("Material Contracts"); (xii) any motion seeking relief from the automatic stay in the U.S. Proceedings and/or the stay of proceedings in the Canadian Proceedings (1) involving any Material Contract or (2) to pursue actions having a material impact on the assets, operations, obligations, rights, property or business of at least one U.S. Debtor and one Canadian Debtor and involving damages in excess of U.S. \$30 million; (xiii) any motion seeking to create or extend any program, plan, proposal or scheme relating to or authorizing payments to employees where the consideration relates to non-ordinary course incentive performance, retention, severance, termination or such like payments; and (xiv) any

motion regarding any program, plan proposal, scheme or similar course of action related to the wind-down of one or more of the Debtors' businesses;

Then the following procedures shall be followed:

- a. unless otherwise consented to by the Core Parties, any and all documents, other than any Monitor's report related to the Requested Relief, shall be filed (as applicable) and served on the Core Parties on not less than seven days notice prior to the proposed hearing date for such Requested Relief in the Court of the forum country where the party seeking the Requested Relief intends the Requested Relief to be heard; *provided, however*, that to the extent the Requested Relief is necessary to avoid irreparable harm to the Debtors and/or the Debtors' bankruptcy estates, as may be determined by the Court of the forum country where the Requested Relief is being sought or such Court otherwise determines, such documents related to the Requested Relief shall be served on the Core Parties on such reasonable notice as such Court may determine;
- b. upon notice of such Requested Relief being provided to the Core Parties, each of the Core Parties will have not less than two business days from receipt of such notice (or such shorter period as the Court of the forum country where the Requested Relief is being sought shall determine, as set forth in paragraph 15(a) herein) to request, in writing, that the filing party seek a Joint Hearing for the Requested Relief;
- c. if the filing party agrees to seek a Joint Hearing, the Requested Relief shall be heard at a Joint Hearing conducted by the Courts in accordance with the procedures set forth in paragraph 12 herein; and
- d. if the filing party does not agree to seek a Joint Hearing, the party seeking to have the Requested Relief heard at a Joint Hearing may file a notice of Joint Hearing dispute in both the Court of the forum country and the Court of the non-forum country and serve notice thereof on the remaining Core Parties, whereupon the respective Courts of the forum country and the non-forum country may consult with one another in accordance with paragraphs 6 and 12 hereof, in order to determine whether a Joint Hearing is necessary or may otherwise consult with the Core Parties prior to any party proceeding with the underlying Requested Relief in the original proposed forum country.

E. Recognition of Stays of Proceedings

16. The Canadian Court hereby recognizes the validity of the stay of proceedings and actions against the U.S. Debtors and their property under section 362 of the

Bankruptcy Code (the "U.S. Stay"). In implementing the terms of this paragraph, the Canadian Court may consult with the U.S. Court regarding: (i) the interpretation, extent, scope and applicability of the U.S. Stay and any orders of the U.S. Court modifying or granting relief from the U.S. Stay; and (ii) the enforcement of the U.S. Stay in Canada.

17. The U.S. Court hereby recognizes the validity of the stay of proceedings and actions against the Canadian Debtors and their property under the Canadian Order (the "Canadian Stay"). In implementing the terms of this paragraph, the U.S. Court may consult with the Canadian Court regarding: (i) the interpretation, extent, scope and applicability of the Canadian Stay and any orders of the Canadian Court modifying or granting relief from the Canadian Stay; and (ii) the enforcement of the Canadian Stay in the United States.

18. Nothing contained herein shall affect or limit the Debtors' or other parties' rights to assert the applicability or nonapplicability of the U.S. Stay or the Canadian Stay to any particular proceeding, property, asset, activity or other matter, wherever pending or located. Subject to paragraph 15, herein, motions brought respecting the application of the stay of proceedings with respect to assets or operations of the Canadian Debtors shall be heard and determined by the Canadian Court. Subject to paragraph 15 herein, motions brought respecting the application of the stay of proceedings with respect to assets or operations of the U.S. Debtors shall be heard and determined by the U.S. Court.

F. Rights to Appear and Be Heard

19. The Debtors, the Core Parties, and any other committee that may be appointed by the U.S. Trustee, and the professionals and advisors for each of the foregoing, shall have the right and standing: (i) to appear and to be heard in either the U.S. Court or Canadian Court in the U.S. Proceedings or Canadian Proceedings, respectively, to the same extent as creditors and other interested parties domiciled in the forum country, subject to any local rules or

regulations generally applicable to all parties appearing in the forum; and (ii) to file notices of appearance or other papers with the clerk of the U.S. Court or the Canadian Court in respect of the U.S. Proceedings or Canadian Proceedings, respectively; provided, however, that any appearance or filing may subject a creditor or interested party to the jurisdiction of the Court in which the appearance or filing occurs; provided further, that an appearance by the Creditors Committee in the Canadian Proceedings shall not form a basis for personal jurisdiction in Canada over the members of the Creditors Committee. Notwithstanding the foregoing, and in accordance with the policies set forth above, including, inter alia, paragraph 12 above; (f) the Canadian Court shall have jurisdiction over the Chapter 11 Representatives (as defined below) solely with respect to the particular matters as to which the Chapter 11 Representatives appear before the Canadian Court; and (ii) the U.S. Court shall have jurisdiction over the Canadian Representatives (as defined below) solely with respect to the particular matters as to which the Canadian Representatives appear before the U.S. Court.

20. In connection with any matter in the Canadian Proceedings in which the Creditors Committee seeks to become involved and which would otherwise require the Creditors Committee to execute a confidentiality agreement, the Creditors Committee, its individual members and professionals shall not be required to execute confidentiality agreements but instead the Creditors Committee and its members shall be bound by the confidentiality provisions contained in the Creditors Committee bylaws, and the Creditors Committee's professionals shall be bound by the terms of the confidentiality agreement with the Debtors dated February 2, 2009.

G. Claims Protocol

21. The Debtors anticipate that it will be necessary to implement a specific claims protocol to address, among other things and without limitation, the timing, process,

jurisdiction and applicable governing law to be applied to the resolution of intercompany claims filed by the Debtors' creditors in the Canadian Proceedings and the U.S. Proceedings. In such event, and in recognition of the inherent complexities of the inter-company claims that may be asserted in the Insolvency Proceedings, the Debtors shall use commercially reasonable efforts to negotiate a specific claims protocol, in form and substance satisfactory to the Debtors, the Monitor, and the Creditors Committee, which protocol shall be submitted to the Canadian Court and the U.S. Court for approval. In the event that the Debtors fail to reach agreement among such parties, the Debtors shall file a motion in both the Canadian Court and the U.S. Court seeking approval of such claims protocol as the Debtors shall determine to be in the best interest of the Debtors and their creditors.

H. Retention and Compensation of Estate Representative and Professionals

22. The Monitor, its officers, directors, employees, counsel and agents, wherever located, (collectively the "Monitor Parties") and any other estate representatives appointed in the Canadian Proceedings (collectively, the "Canadian Representatives") shall (subject to paragraph 19) be subject to the sole and exclusive jurisdiction of the Canadian Court with respect to all matters, including: (a) the Canadian Representatives' tenure in office; (b) the retention and compensation of the Canadian Representatives; (c) the Canadian Representatives' liability, if any, to any person or entity, including the Canadian Debtors and any third parties, in connection with the Insolvency Proceedings; and (d) the hearing and determination of any other matters relating to the Canadian Representatives arising in the Canadian Proceedings under the CCAA or other applicable Canadian law. The Canadian Representatives shall not be required to seek approval of their retention in the U.S. Court for services rendered to the Debtors. Additionally, the Canadian Representatives: (a) shall be compensated for their services to the Canadian Debtors solely in accordance with the CCAA, the Canadian Order and other applicable

Canadian law or orders of the Canadian Court; and (b) shall not be required to seek approval of their compensation in the U.S. Court.

23. The Monitor Parties shall be entitled to the same protections and immunities in the United States as those granted to them under the CCAA and the Canadian Order. In particular, except as otherwise provided in any subsequent order entered in the Canadian Proceedings, the Monitor Parties shall incur no liability or obligations as a result of the Canadian Order, the appointment of the Monitor, the carrying out of its duties or the provisions of the CCAA and the Canadian Order by the Monitor Parties, except any such liability arising from actions of the Monitor Parties constituting gross negligence or willful misconduct.

24. Any estate representative appointed in the U.S. Proceedings, including without limitation any examiners or trustees appointed in accordance with section 1104 of the Bankruptcy Code (collectively, the "Chapter 11 Representatives") shall (subject to paragraph 19) be subject to the sole and exclusive jurisdiction of the U.S. Court with respect to all matters, including: (a) the Chapter 11 Representatives' tenure in office; (b) the retention and compensation of the Chapter 11 Representatives; (c) the Chapter 11 Representatives' liability, if any, to any person or entity, including the U.S. Debtors and any third parties, in connection with the Insolvency Proceedings; and (d) the hearing and determination of any other matters relating to the Chapter 11 Representatives arising in the U.S. Proceedings under the Bankruptcy Code or other applicable laws of the United States. The Chapter 11 Representatives shall not be required to seek approval of their retention in the Canadian Court and (a) shall be compensated for their services to the U.S. Debtors solely in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code and other applicable laws of the United States or orders of the U.S. Court; and (b) shall not be required to seek

approval of their compensation for services performed for the U.S. Debtors in the Canadian Court.

25. Any professionals (i) retained by and being compensated solely by, or (ii) being compensated solely by, the Canadian Debtors including in each case, without limitation, counsel and financial advisors (collectively, the "Canadian Professionals"), shall be subject to the sole and exclusive jurisdiction of the Canadian Court. Such Canadian Professionals: (a) shall be subject to the procedures and standards for retention and compensation applicable in the Canadian Court under the CCAA, the Canadian Order and any other applicable Canadian law or orders of the Canadian Court with respect to services performed on behalf of the Canadian Debtors; and (b) shall not be required to seek approval of their retention or compensation in the U.S. Court.

26. Any professionals (i) retained by, or (ii) being compensated by, the U.S. Debtors including in each case, without limitation, counsel and financial advisors (collectively, the "U.S. Professionals") shall be subject to the sole and exclusive jurisdiction of the U.S. Court. Such U.S. Professionals: (a) shall be subject to the procedures and standards for retention and compensation applicable in the U.S. Court under the Bankruptcy Code and any other applicable laws of the United States or orders of the U.S. Court; and (b) shall not be required to seek approval of their retention or compensation in the Canadian Court.

27. Subject to paragraph 19 herein, any professional retained by the Creditors Committee, including in each case, without limitation, counsel and financial advisors (collectively, the "Committee Professionals") shall be subject to the sole and exclusive jurisdiction of the U.S. Court. Such Committee Professionals: (a) shall be subject to the procedures and standards for retention and compensation applicable in the U.S. Court under the

Bankruptcy Code and any other applicable laws of the United States or orders of the U.S. Court; and (b) shall not be required to seek approval of their retention or compensation in the Canadian Court or any other court.

I. Notice

28. Notice of any motion, application or other Pleading or paper (collectively the "Court Documents") filed in one or both of the Insolvency Proceedings involving or relating to matters addressed by this Protocol and notice of any related hearings or other proceedings shall be given by appropriate means (including, where circumstances warrant, by courier, telecopier or other electronic forms of communication) to the following: (a) all creditors and interested parties, in accordance with the practice of the jurisdiction where the papers are filed or the proceedings are to occur; and (b) to the extent not otherwise entitled to receive notice under clause (a) of this sentence, counsel to the Debtors; the U.S. Trustee; the Monitor; the Creditors Committee; the Bondholders Committee and any other statutory committees appointed in the Insolvency Proceedings and such other parties as may be designated by either of the Courts from time to time. Notice in accordance with this paragraph shall be given by the party otherwise responsible for effecting notice in the jurisdiction where the underlying papers are filed or the proceedings are to occur. In addition to the foregoing, upon request, the U.S. Debtors or the Canadian Debtors shall provide the U.S. Court or the Canadian Court, as the case may be, with copies of any orders, decisions, opinions or similar papers issued by the other Court in the Insolvency Proceedings.

29. When any cross-border issues or matters addressed by this Protocol are to be addressed before a Court, notices shall be provided in the manner and to the parties referred to in paragraph 28 above.

J. Effectiveness; Modification

30. This Protocol shall become effective only upon its approval by both the U.S. Court and the Canadian Court.

31. This Protocol may not be supplemented, modified, terminated, or replaced in any manner except upon the approval of both the U.S. Court and the Canadian Court after notice and a hearing. Notice of any legal proceeding to supplement, modify, terminate or replace this Protocol shall be given in accordance with the notice provisions set forth above.

K. Procedure for Resolving Disputes Under this Protocol

32. Disputes relating to the terms, intent or application of this Protocol may be addressed by interested parties to the U.S. Court, the Canadian Court or both Courts upon notice in accordance with the notice provisions outlined in paragraph 28 above. In rendering a determination in any such dispute, the Court to which the issue is addressed: (a) shall consult with the other Court; and (b) may, in its sole and exclusive discretion, either: (i) render a binding decision after such consultation; (ii) defer to the determination of the other Court by transferring the matter, in whole or in part, to such other Court; or (iii) seek a Joint Hearing of both Courts in accordance with paragraph 12 above. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in making a determination under this paragraph, each Court shall give due consideration to the independence, comity and inherent jurisdiction of the other Court established under existing law.

33. In implementing the terms of this Protocol, the U.S. Court and the Canadian Court may, in their sole, respective discretion, provide advice or guidance to each other with respect to legal issues in accordance with the following procedures:

- a. the U.S. Court or the Canadian Court, as applicable, may determine that such advice or guidance is appropriate under the circumstances;
- b. the Court issuing such advice or guidance shall provide it to the non-issuing Court in writing;

- c. copies of such written advice or guidance shall be served by the applicable Court in accordance with paragraph 23 hereof;
- d. the Courts may jointly decide to invite the Debtors, the Creditors Committee, the Estate Representatives, the U.S. Trustee and any other affected or interested party to make submissions to the appropriate Court in response to or in connection with any written advice or guidance received from the other Court; and
- e. for clarity, the provisions of this paragraph shall not be construed to restrict the ability of either Court to confer as provided in paragraph 12 above whenever it deems it appropriate to do so.

L. Preservation of Rights

34. Except as specifically provided herein, neither the terms of this Protocol nor any actions taken under the terms of this Protocol shall: (a) prejudice or affect the powers, rights, claims and defenses of the Debtors and their estates, the Creditors Committee, the Estate Representatives, the U.S. Trustee or any of the Debtors' creditors under applicable law, including, without limitation, the Bankruptcy Code the CCAA, and the orders of the Courts; or (b) preclude or prejudice the rights of any person to assert or pursue such person's substantive rights against any other person under the applicable laws of Canada or the United States.

Court File No: 09-CL-7950

IN THE MATTER OF A PLAN OF COMPROMISE OR ARRANGEMENT OF NORTEL NETWORKS CORPORATION, NORTEL NETWORKS LIMITED, NORTEL NETWORKS GLOBAL CORPORATION, NORTEL NETWORKS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND NORTEL NETWORKS TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION

**ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
(COMMERCIAL LIST)**

Proceeding commenced at Toronto

**FIFTH AMENDED AND RESTATED INITIAL
ORDER**

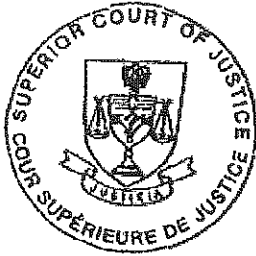
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Lawyers for the Applicants



Court File No.: 09-CL-7950

**ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
COMMERCIAL LIST**

THE HONOURABLE MR.) FRIDAY, THE 14th
)
JUSTICE MORAWETZ) DAY OF AUGUST, 2009

**IN THE MATTER OF THE *COMPANIES' CREDITORS ARRANGEMENT ACT*,
R.S.C. 1985, c. C-36, AS AMENDED**

**AND IN THE MATTER OF A PLAN OF COMPROMISE OR ARRANGEMENT OF
NORTEL NETWORKS CORPORATION, NORTEL NETWORKS LIMITED,
NORTEL NETWORKS GLOBAL CORPORATION, NORTEL NETWORKS
INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND NORTEL NETWORKS TECHNOLOGY
CORPORATION**

**APPLICATION UNDER THE *COMPANIES' CREDITORS ARRANGEMENT ACT*,
R.S.C. 1985, c. C-36, AS AMENDED**

ORDER

THIS MOTION, made by Nortel Networks Corporation ("NNC"), Nortel Networks Limited ("NNL"), Nortel Networks Technology Corporation, Nortel Networks Global Corporation and Nortel Networks International Corporation (collectively, the "Applicants") for the relief set out in the Applicants' Notice of Motion dated August 11, 2009 was heard this day at 330 University Avenue, Toronto, Ontario.

ON READING the affidavit of Gordon A. Davies sworn August 11, 2009 (the "Davies Affidavit") and the Nineteenth report of Ernst & Young Inc. in its capacity as monitor (the "Monitor") dated August 11, 2009 (the "Nineteenth Report") and on hearing the submissions of counsel for the Applicant, the Monitor and those other parties present, no one appearing for any

other person on the service list, although properly served as appears from the affidavit of Katie Legree sworn August 11, 2009, filed:

1. THIS COURT ORDERS that the time for the service of the Notice of Motion, the Nineteenth Report and the Motion Record is hereby abridged so that this Motion is properly returnable today and hereby dispenses with further service thereof.

2. THIS COURT ORDERS that capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined shall have the meaning given to them in the Initial Order granted by this Court on January 14, 2009 (as the same has been amended and amended and restated and as the same may be amended or amended and restated further from time to time, the "Initial Order").

3. THIS COURT ORDERS that in addition to the powers and duties set out in the Initial Order but without altering in any way the powers, abilities, limitations and obligations of the Applicants within or as a result of these proceedings, the Monitor be and is hereby authorized and empowered to:

- (a) cause the Applicants, or any one or more of them, to exercise rights under paragraph 11 of the Initial Order;
- (b) cause the Applicants to perform such other functions or duties as the Monitor considers necessary or desirable in order to facilitate or assist the Applicants in dealing with the Property or their operations, restructuring, wind-down, liquidation or other activities;
- (c) conduct, supervise and direct one or more Court-approved sales processes for the Property or the business and any procedure regarding the allocation and/or distribution of proceeds of any sales;
- (d) cause the Applicants to administer the Property and operations of the Applicants as the Monitor considers necessary or desirable for the purposes of completing any transaction for the sale of the business or any part of it or for purposes of facilitating a Plan or Plans for all or part of the business;

- (e) administer the Applicants' claims process pursuant to the Claims Procedure Order dated July 30, 2009 (the "Claims Procedure Order") and any other claims bar and/or claims resolution process, or protocol as may be approved by Order of this Court within these proceedings;
- (f) propose or cause the Applicants or any one or more of them to propose one or more Plans in respect of the Applicants or any one or more of them;
- (g) engage assistants or advisors or cause the Applicants to engage assistants or advisors as the Monitor deems necessary or desirable to carry out the terms of the Initial Order or any other Order made in these proceedings or for the purposes of the Plan and such persons shall be deemed to be "Assistants" under the Initial Order;
- (h) apply to this Court for any orders necessary or advisable to carry out its powers and obligations under this Order or any other Order granted by this Court including for advice and directions with respect to any matter;
- (i) meet and coordinate with the chief restructuring officer of the Applicants or any person holding any similar position;
- (j) meet and consult with the board of directors of the Applicants as it deems necessary or appropriate;
- (k) meet with and direct management of the Applicants with respect to any of the foregoing including, without limitation, operational and restructuring matters; and
- (l) coordinate with the individual appointed as the principal officer (or such similar title) of Nortel Networks Inc. or any successor or assign of such entity with respect to operational and restructuring matters, provided that the Monitor shall have no supervisory authority or control over such individuals;

provided, however, that the Monitor shall comply with all applicable law and shall not have any authority or power to elect or to cause the election or removal of directors of

any of the Applicants or any of their subsidiaries or to take any action to restrict or to transfer to the Monitor any of their powers, duties or obligations.

4. THIS COURT ORDERS that, other than with respect to the Retainers, the Monitor shall not receive or hold any property or funds of the Applicants, including without limitation, any proceeds of dispositions of Property or other cash or cash equivalents.

5. THIS COURT ORDERS that nothing in this Order shall diminish or vary the obligations of the Applicants, or the Monitor when directing the Applicants, where required, either contractually or by Order of the Court, to consult with, obtain the consent of or provide notice to the official committee of unsecured creditors of Nortel Networks Inc., the ad hoc bondholders committee and/or the Joint Administrators (as defined in the Davies Affidavit), prior to taking any action for which consent or notice is required including pursuant to and in accordance with the Orders previously made in these proceedings and in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Amended Cross-Border Protocol dated July 6, 2009 (the "Cross-Border Protocol"), the Interim Funding and Settlement Agreement dated as of June 9, 2009 (the "IFSA") and the Interim GSPA (as the same has been amended and extended from time to time) and provided further that nothing in this Order shall diminish or vary the Applicants' obligations under the Cross-Border Protocol, the IFSA or the Interim GSPA (or any Orders in respect of the Cross-Border Protocol, the IFSA or the Interim GSPA).

6. THIS COURT ORDERS that, without limiting the provisions of the Initial Order, the Applicants shall remain in possession and control of the Property and the Business and that the Monitor shall not take possession of the Property and/or the Business or any part thereof.

7. THIS COURT ORDERS that, without limiting the provisions of the Initial Order, all employees of the Applicants shall remain employees of the Applicants until such time as the Applicants may terminate the employment of such employees. Nothing in this Order shall, in and of itself, cause the Monitor to be liable for any employee-related liabilities or duties, including, without limitation, wages, severance pay, termination pay, vacation pay and pension or benefit amounts.

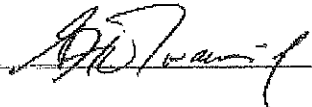
8. THIS COURT ORDERS that the Monitor shall continue to have the benefit of all of the protections and priorities as set out in the Initial Order and any such protections and priorities

shall apply to the Monitor in fulfilling its duties under this Order or carrying out the provisions of this Order.

9. THIS COURT ORDERS AND DECLARES that nothing in this Order shall constitute or be deemed to constitute the Monitor as a receiver, assignee, liquidator, administrator, receiver-manager, agent of the creditors or legal representative of any of the Applicants within the meaning of any relevant legislation and that any distribution ultimately made to creditors of the Applicants by the Monitor will be deemed to have been made by the Applicants themselves.

10. THIS COURT ORDERS that the Applicants and their advisors shall cooperate fully with the Monitor and any directions it may provide pursuant to this Order and shall provide the Monitor with such assistance as the Monitor may request from time to time to enable the Monitor to carry out its duties and powers as set out in the Initial Order, this Order or any other Order of this Court under the CCAA or applicable law generally.

11. THIS COURT ORDERS that a further hearing shall be held on September 15, 2009 or such alternate date as this Court may fix, at which time this Order may be varied. Materials for such further hearing shall be served upon the Service List for this proceeding by no later than ten days prior to the date schedule for the further hearing save and except in the case of the Monitor and the Applicants, which shall serve their materials (either in response or otherwise), if any, by no later than four days prior to the date scheduled for the further hearing.



ENTERED AT / INSCRIT A TORONTO
ON / BOOK NO:
LE / DANS LE REGISTRE NO.:

AUG 14 2009

PER / PAR: Joanne Niccara
Registrar, Superior Court of Justice

Court File No: 09-CL-7950

IN THE MATTER OF A PLAN OF COMPROMISE OR ARRANGEMENT OF NORTEL NETWORKS CORPORATION, NORTEL NETWORKS LIMITED, NORTEL NETWORKS GLOBAL CORPORATION, NORTEL NETWORKS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND NORTEL NETWORKS TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION

**ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
COMMERCIAL LIST**

Proceeding commenced at Toronto

ORDER

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Lawyers for the Applicants

Court File No.: 09-CL-7950

**ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
COMMERCIAL LIST**

THE HONOURABLE MR.) WEDNESDAY, THE 3rd
)
JUSTICE MORAWETZ) DAY OF OCTOBER, 2012

**IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES' CREDITORS ARRANGEMENT ACT,
R.S.C.1985, c. C-36, AS AMENDED**

**AND IN THE MATTER OF A PLAN OF COMPROMISE OR ARRANGEMENT OF
NORTEL NETWORKS CORPORATION, NORTEL NETWORKS LIMITED,
NORTEL NETWORKS GLOBAL CORPORATION, NORTEL NETWORKS
INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND NORTEL NETWORKS TECHNOLOGY
CORPORATION**

**APPLICATION UNDER THE COMPANIES' CREDITORS ARRANGEMENT ACT,
R.S.C.1985, c. C-36, AS AMENDED**

**ORDER
(Monitor's Expansion of Power Order # 2)**

THIS MOTION, made by Ernst & Young Inc. in its capacity as monitor in the within proceedings (the "Monitor") for the relief set out in the Monitor's Notice of Motion dated September 26, 2012 was heard this day at 330 University Avenue, Toronto, Ontario.

ON READING the Eighty-Eighth Report of the Monitor ("Eighty-Eighth Report") and on hearing the submissions of counsel for Nortel Networks Corporation, Nortel Networks Limited, Nortel Networks Technology Corporation, Nortel Networks Global Corporation and Nortel Networks International Corporation (collectively, the "Applicants") and counsel for the Monitor and those other parties present, no one appearing for any other person on the service list, although properly served as appears from the affidavit of Christopher G. Armstrong sworn September 27, 2012, filed:

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1. THIS COURT ORDERS that the time for the service of the Notice of Motion, the Eighty-Eighth Report and the Motion Record is hereby abridged so that this Motion is properly returnable today and hereby dispenses with further service thereof.

2. THIS COURT ORDERS that capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined shall have the meaning given to them in the Initial Order granted by this Court on January 14, 2009 (as the same has been amended and amended and restated and as the same may be amended or amended and restated further from time to time, the "Initial Order").

3. THIS COURT ORDERS that, without limiting the provisions of previous Orders granted in these proceedings, including the Initial Order and the Order granted by this Court on August 14, 2009, which, among other things, expanded the powers of the Monitor (the "Monitor Expansion of Powers Order") and in addition to all powers of the Monitor, the Monitor be and is hereby authorized and empowered, but not obligated, to exercise any powers which may be properly exercised by a board of directors of any of the Applicants.

4. THIS COURT ORDERS that, in furtherance of and without in any way limiting the powers set out in the Initial Order, those set out in the Monitor Expansion of Powers Order or any other Order of this Court, those set out herein or under the CCAA or applicable law generally, the Monitor is authorized and directed to take the following actions:

a) cause the Applicants to retain the services of Allan Bifield and Anna Ventresca as employees of NNL under the supervision and direction of the Monitor on the same terms in respect of their 2012 remuneration as currently in place and thereafter on terms as agreed with the Monitor; and

b) designate each of Allan Bifield and Anna Ventresca, and/or such other person or persons as the Monitor shall determine from time to time as evidenced by the filing of a Monitor's Certificate with this Court as an authorized representative of each of the Applicants (each, in such capacity, an "Authorized Representative") whose sole responsibility shall be to act, on behalf of the Applicants, solely as the Monitor may direct in the exercise of its rights, powers and authorities granted by the Initial Order, the Monitor Expansion of Powers Order, and any other Order of this Court, and, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, each of the Authorized Representatives shall

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have sole authority to sign such agreements, instruments and other documents on behalf of each of the Applicants as the Monitor may direct, but no authority to direct the management and policies of the Applicants or any entity affiliated with any of the Applicants by reason of having been designated as an Authorized Representative pursuant to this Order.

5. THIS COURT ORDERS that, other than with respect to the Retainers, the Monitor shall not receive or hold any property or funds of the Applicants, including without limitation, any proceeds of dispositions of Property or other cash or cash equivalents.

6. THIS COURT ORDERS that, without limiting the provisions of the Initial Order, the Applicants shall remain in possession and control of the Property and the Business and that the Monitor shall not take possession of the Property and/or the Business or any part thereof.

7. THIS COURT ORDERS that, without limiting the provisions of the Initial Order, all employees of the Applicants shall remain employees of the Applicants until such time as the Applicants may terminate the employment of such employees. Nothing in this Order shall, in and of itself, cause the Monitor to be liable for any employee-related liabilities or duties, including, without limitation, wages, severance pay, termination pay, vacation pay and pension or benefit amounts.

8. THIS COURT ORDERS that the Monitor shall continue to have the benefit of all of the indemnities, charges, protections and priorities as set out in the Initial Order, the Monitor Expansion of Powers Order and any other Order of this Court and all such indemnities, charges, protections and priorities shall apply and extend to the Monitor in the fulfilment of its duties or the carrying out of the provisions of this Order and shall extend to any Authorized Representative acting upon the direction of the Monitor. For the avoidance of doubt, no Authorized Representative shall be deemed to be an officer or director of any of the Applicants, or of any entity affiliated with any of the Applicants, under applicable law by reason of having been designated as an Authorized Representative pursuant to this Order and/or having acted in such capacity at the direction of the Monitor.

9. THIS COURT ORDERS AND DECLARES that nothing in this Order shall constitute or be deemed to constitute the Monitor as a receiver, assignee, liquidator, administrator, receiver

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manager, agent of the creditors or legal representative of any of the Applicants within the meaning of any relevant legislation and that any distribution ultimately made to creditors of the Applicants by the Monitor will be deemed to have been made by the Applicants themselves.

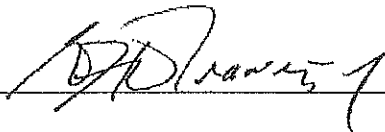
10. THIS COURT ORDERS that the Applicants and their advisors shall cooperate fully with the Monitor and any directions it may provide pursuant to this Order and shall provide the Monitor with such assistance as the Monitor may request from time to time to enable the Monitor to carry out its duties and powers as set out in the Initial Order, the Monitor Expansion of Powers Order, this Order or any other Order of this Court under the CCAA or applicable law generally.

11. THIS COURT ORDERS that references to "directors" and "officers" in paragraphs 20, 21, 21A and 22 of the Initial Order are understood to mean directors and officers, respectively, that served in such capacity at any time on or after January 14, 2009 and that the reference to "counsel to directors" in paragraph 30 of the Initial Order is understood to mean Osler, Hoskin & Harcourt LLP as counsel to certain former directors and officers.

12. THIS COURT ORDERS that, except as may be necessary to give effect to this Order, the Initial Order and the Monitor Expansion of Powers Order remain in full force and effect and in the event of a conflict between the terms of this Order and those of the Initial Order or the Monitor Expansion of Powers Order, the provisions of this Order shall govern.

13. THIS COURT ORDERS that Confidential Appendix "B" to the Eighty- Eighth Report be and is hereby sealed pending further Order of the Court.

14. THIS COURT HEREBY REQUESTS the aid and recognition of any court or administrative body in any province of Canada, the Federal Court of Canada, any administrative tribunal or other court constituted pursuant to the Parliament of Canada or any of its provinces or territories and any federal or state court or administrative body in the United States of America or any other foreign courts to act in aid of and to be complimentary to this Court in carrying out the terms of this Order.



Court File No: 09-CL-7950

IN THE MATTER OF A PLAN OF COMPROMISE OR ARRANGEMENT OF NORTEL NETWORKS CORPORATION, NORTEL NETWORKS LIMITED, NORTEL NETWORKS GLOBAL CORPORATION, NORTEL NETWORKS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND NORTEL NETWORKS TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION

**ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
COMMERCIAL LIST**

Proceeding commenced at Toronto

**ORDER
(Monitor's Expansion of Power
Order # 2)**

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Lawyers for the Monitor, Ernst & Young
Inc.

IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES' CREDITORS ARRANGEMENT ACT, R.S.C.
1985, c. C-36, AS AMENDED
AND IN THE MATTER OF A PLAN OF COMPROMISE AND ARRANGEMENT OF
NORTEL COMMUNICATIONS INC., ARCHITEL SYSTEMS CORPORATION AND
NORTHERN TELECOM CANADA LIMITED

Court File No. CV-16-11312-00CL

**ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
(COMMERCIAL LIST)**

Proceeding commenced at Toronto

ORDER

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